## DPRELIMAX



## © PNEUMAX SOLUTIONS FOR AUTOMATION CONTROL <br> evo catalogue

# Pneumax solutions for automation control EVO Catalogue 

Pneumax solenoid valves are available as the EVO version, coupled with multiprotocol modules/electronics
from the PX range.


## 3 TECHNOLOGIES

## Pneumatic technology

Electric actuation
Fluid control

Through a network of subsidiaries and exclusive distributors, Pneumax is present in more than $\mathbf{5 0}$ countries around the world, supporting customers in all phases of the supply process, from pre-sales application analysis to after-sales service.

## WE SPEAK ミソー

 A unique control system，a wide range of solutions

All the Pneumax solenoid valves manifold are now available in the EVO version，integrating the new multiprotocol module PX Series，designed to manage and command pneumatic and electropneumatic components and to offer extreme flexibility by interfacing with the most common communication protocols．

2700 EVO Series


Wide range of fieldbus protocols

## Solenoid valves manifold

Series EVO

## Index <br> Series EVO

## Series PX



| Configurator | 2 | Inputs and outputs modules |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Configuration examples | 3 | 8 M8 \& M12 digital inputs module kits | 13 |
| Accessories | 4 | 8 M8 \& M12 digital outputs module kits | 14 |
| Module assembly instructions | 5 | 32 digital inputs \& outputs module kits | 15 |
| Serial systems |  | (37 pin SUB-D connector) |  |
| CANopen ${ }^{\text {® }}$ protocol node kit | 6 | Analogue inputs module kit M8 | 16 |
| PROFIBUS DP protocol node kit | 7 | Analogue outputs module kit M8 | 17 |
| EtherNet/IP protocol node kit | 8 | Pt100 inputs module kit | 18 |
| EtherCAT ${ }^{\text {® }}$ protocol node kit | 9 | Additional modules |  |
| PROFINET IO RT protocol node kit | 10 | Additional power supply module kit | 19 |
| CC-Link IE Field Basic protocol node kit | 11 | Signal management | 20 |
| IO-Link protocol interface kit | 12 | Connectors | 21 |

Series 3000 EVO


| Serial systems |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| CANopen ${ }^{\text {® }}$ protocol node | 59 |
| PROFIBUS DP protocol node | 60 |
| EtherNet/IP protocol node | 61 |
| EtherCAT ${ }^{\text {® }}$ protocol node | 62 |
| PROFINET IO RT protocol node | 63 |
| CC-Link IE Field Basic protocolo node | 64 |
| IO-Link protocol interface | 65 |
| Inputs and outputs modules |  |
| 8 M 8 \& M12 digital inputs module kits | 66 |
| 8 M8 \& M12 digital outputs module kits | 67 |
| 32 digital inputs \& outputs module kits ( 37 pin SUB-D connector) | 68 |
| Analogue inputs module kit M8 | 69 |
| Analogue outputs module kit M8 | 70 |
| Pt100 inputs module kit | 71 |
| Additional modules |  |
| Additional power supply module kit | 72 |
| Signal management | 73 |
| Connectors | 74 |

Series 2200 Optyma-S EVO


Configurator 76
Installation specifications 80
Solenoid valves 82
Left Endplate / Right Endplate 84
Modular bases (2 places) 85
Accessories 86
Proportional technology accessories 87
Accessories 92
Series 2500 Optyma-F EVO


Configurator 97
Installation specifications 100
Solenoid valves 102
Left Endplate / Right Endplate / Modular base 104
Accessories 105
Series 2500 Optyma-T EVO


Configurator 110
Installation specifications 113

| Solenoid valves | 115 |
| :--- | :--- |

Left Endplate / Right Endplate / Modular base 117
Accessories 118

## Series 2700 EVO



Configurator
124
Installation specifications 128
Module assembly instructions 130
Solenoid valves 131
Monitored solenoid valves 134
Solenoid valves for progressive start 137
Left Endplate / Right Endplate / Modular base 138
Accessories 139
EVO Electronics

|  | Multi-pin module | 145 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Serial systems |  |
|  | CANopen ${ }^{\text {® }}$ protocol node kit | 146 |
|  | PROFIBUS DP protocol node kit | 147 |
|  | EtherNet/IP protocol node kit | 148 |
|  | EtherCAT ${ }^{\text {® }}$ protocol node kit | 149 |
|  | PROFINET IO RT protocol node kit | 150 |
|  | CC-Link IE Field Basic protocol node kit | 151 |
|  | IO-Link protocol interface kit | 152 |
|  | Inputs and outputs modules |  |
|  | 8 M 8 \& M12 digital inputs module kits | 153 |
|  | 8 M 8 \& M12 digital outputs module kits | 154 |
|  | 32 digital inputs \& outputs module kits | 155 |
|  | (37 pin SUB-D connector) |  |
|  | Analogue inputs module kit M8 | 156 |
|  | Analogue outputs module kit M8 | 157 |
|  | Pt100 inputs module kit | 158 |
|  | Additional modules |  |
|  | Additional power supply module kit | 159 |
|  | Connectors | 160 |
|  | Cables | 161 |

## Solenoid valves manifold

Series PX
paieumax

## Series PX



## SERIES PX MODULAR ELECTRONIC SYSTEM

- Maximum flexibility
- Digital and analogue I/O modules
- Stand alone solution connectable via SUB-D cable to all manifolds
- Manufactured in technopolymer
- Wide range of communication protocols

CANopen

Ethercat. ${ }^{*}$

## FLEXIBILITY IN A COMPACT SPACE

Series PX modular electronic system has been designed to offer control and acquisition hardware for pneumatic and electric devices; it supports the most diffused communication protocols and can be configured with I/O modules, both digital and analog.
Series PX in stand alone version can be connected to every solenoid valves battery by using SUB-D connector, on the other hand Series PX can be directly connected to the following Pneumax solenoid valves series:

- Optyma S
- Optyma F
- Optyma T
- 2700
- 3000

Technopolymer bodies and sub-base and compact design has been studied to optimise room taken by the whole system, they make Series PX extremely light and guarantee maximum flexibility.
The ability to quickly and easily configure the system, the range of modules and accessories available meet at the best the specific application needs of many industrial sectors.

## Configurator

## Configurator



## Electric connection accessories <br> Without DIN rail adapter

G With DIN rail adapter

## Number of repetitions per module

Indicate the number of repetitions of the same module
(no value for a single module)

| Inputs module - Analogue / Digital |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| D8 | 8 M8 digital inputs module |
| D12 | 8 M12 digital inputs module |
| D3 | 32 digital inputs SUB-D 37 poles |
| T1 | 2 analogue inputs 0-5V module (voltage signal) |
| T2 | 2 analogue inputs 0-10V module (voltage signal) |
| T3 | 4 analogue inputs 0-5V module (voltage signal) |
| T4 | 4 analogue inputs 0-10V module (voltage signal) |
| C1 | 2 analogue inputs 0-20mA module (current signal) |
| C2 | 2 analogue inputs 4-20mA module (current signal) |
| C3 | 4 analogue inputs 0-20mA module (current signal) |
| C4 | 4 analogue inputs 4-20mA module (current signal) |
| P1 | 2 Pt100 2 wires inputs module |
| P2 | 2 Pt100 3 wires inputs module |
| P3 | 2 Pt100 4 wires inputs module |
| P4 | 4 Pt100 2 wires inputs module |
| P5 | 4 Pt100 3 wires inputs module |
| P6 | 4 Pt100 4 wires inputs module |
| Outputs module - Analogue / Digital |  |
| M8 | 8 M8 digital outputs module |
| M12 | 8 M12 digital outputs module |
| M3 | 32 digital outputs SUB-D 37 poles |
| V1 | 2 analogue outputs 0-5V module (voltage signal) |
| V2 | 2 analogue outputs 0-10V module (voltage signal) |
| V3 | 4 analogue outputs 0-5V module (voltage signal) |
| V4 | 4 analogue outputs 0-10V module (voltage signal) |
| L1 | 2 analogue outputs 0-20mA module (current signal) |
| L2 | 2 analogue outputs 4-20mA module (current signal) |
| L3 | 4 analogue outputs 0-20mA module (current signal) |
| L4 | 4 analogue outputs 4-20mA module (current signal) |

## Additional modules (Optional)

| P12 | M12 additional power supply module |
| :--- | :--- |

## Module accessories

Without DIN rail adapter
G With DIN rail adapter
Refer to the current limits indicated in the pages relating to the nodes / IO-Link interface

## Configuration examples



Example shown: PX3-P-N4-D8-V4-M3-D12
Multiprotocol module with PROFINET IO RT protocol node, M8 digital input module, M8 analogue output module, 37 pin (SUB-D) digital output module and M12 digital input module.


Example shown: PX3-P-G-A4-3D8-2M12
Multiprotocol module with EtherCAT ${ }^{\circledR}$ protocol node, 3 M8 digital input modules and 2 M12 digital output modules; also includes DIN rail adaptors.

## Overall dimensions




Right endplate kit
Coding: 3100.KT. 03


Weight 51 g


DIN rail adapter
Coding: 3100.16


Weight 12 g


Cable complete with connector, male 37 poles, IP65
Coding: 2400.37.M.C.C


1. Assemble the required modules starting with 3100 . KT. 03 right endplate kit.

2. To lock: rotate anticlockwise (in the direction of the LOCK print on the case).
To unlock: rotate clockwise (in the direction of the UNLOCK print on the case).
The same procedure shall be used to add or remove any module.

A. For integration with a manifold it is necessary to remove the 3100 . KT. 03 right endplate kit.

3. Complete the assembly with the 3100.KT. 00 left endplate kit.

4. If required, assemble the DIN rail adapter using an 3 mm allen key.

B. Series PX modular electronic system can be integrated with the following valve manifold series:

- Optyma S
- Optyma F
- Optyma T
- 2700


The Series 3000 manifolds already integrates with the PX Series modules with dedicated fixing options.
Please refer to www.pneumaxspa.com for more details.

## CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$ protocol node kit

CANopen ${ }^{\oplus}$ node manages 64 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Connection to CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$ fieldbus is made via two M12, male and female, 5 pins, type A circular connectors, in parallel between them; connectors pinout is compliant to CiA Draft recommendation 303-1 (V. 1.3:30 December 2004).
Transmission speed and address, as well as termination resistor activation are set via DIP-switches.
CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$ node is available in two versions with 32 or 48 outputs allocated to solenoid valves on the manifold directly connected to the node.
Such outputs correspond to least significant bytes and their allocation is independent of how many solenoid valves are installed.
Remaining outputs can be used to control the modules
Byte allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 V DC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

$$
I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V} \quad \begin{aligned}
& n=\text { number of installed modules } \\
& I_{\text {out }, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS }+24 \mathrm{~V} \\
& m=\text { number of rail (please see specifications of the single module pilots }
\end{aligned}
$$

$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2200 "Optyma S" | 36 mA |
| 2500 "OptymaF" | 54 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma T" | 54 mA |
| Series 2700 | $24 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \mathrm{~W}$ version $) / 100 \mathrm{~mA}(2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ version $)$ |

For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 VDC and INPUTS +24 VDC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}+I_{24 V D C \text { in }}<4 A$
Where:
$I_{24 V D C \text { in }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{i n, i}$
$n=$ number of installed modules
$I_{\text {in,i }}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS +24 V DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)

Coding: K5530.64.VCO

(V) \begin{tabular}{l|l|}
\hline VERSION <br>

\hline | $32=32$ output bits available for valve |
| :--- |
| connections | <br>


\hline | $48=48$ output bits available for valve |
| :--- |
| connections | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

In case total current is more than 4A, it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specifications |  | CiA Draft Standard Proposal 301 V 4.10 (15 August 2006) |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Node only current consumption on + 24 V DC inputs | 40 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE / Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | 2 M12 5 pins male-female connectors type A (IEC 60947-5-2) |
|  | Baud rate | 10-20-50-125-250-500-800-1000 Kbit/s |
|  | Addresses possible numbers | From 1 to 63 |
|  | Maximum nodes number in network | 64 (slave + master) |
|  | Bus maximum recommended length | $100 \mathrm{mat} 500 \mathrm{Kbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green/red status LED |
| Configuration file |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## Solenoid valves manifold

Series PX - Serial systems

## PROFIBUS DP protocol node kit

PROFIBUS DP node manages 64 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Connection to PROFIBUS DP fieldbus is made via two M12, male and female, 5 pins, type $B$ circular connectors, in parallel between them; connectors pinout is PROFIBUS Interconnection Technology specifications compliant (Version 1.1, August 2001).
Address as well as termination resistor activation are set via DIP-switches.
PROFIBUS DP node is available in two versions with 32 or 48 outputs allocated to solenoid valves on the manifold directly connected to the node.
Such outputs correspond to least significant bytes and their allocation is independent of how many solenoid valves are installed.
Remaining outputs can be used to control the modules.
Byte allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

$$
n=\text { number of installed modules }
$$

$I_{\text {out }, i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS +24 V
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V}$
$I_{\text {out }, i}$ DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)

$$
m=\text { number of installed solenoid pilots }
$$

$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2200 "Optyma S" | 36 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma F" | 54 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma T" | 54 mA |
| Series 2700 | $24 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \mathrm{~W}$ version $) / 100 \mathrm{~mA}(2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ version) |

For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 V DC and INPUTS +24 V DC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}+I_{24 V D C \text { in }}<4 A$
Where:

$$
I_{24 V D C \text { in }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{i n, i} \quad \begin{aligned}
& n=\text { number of installed modules } \\
& I_{i n, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS }+24 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\
& \text { supply rail (please see specifications of the single module) }
\end{aligned}
$$

Coding: K5330.64.VPB

|  | VERSION$32=32$ output bits available for valve <br> connections |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |



In case total current is more than 4A, it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| PIN | SIGNAL | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | VP | Optional Power supply plus, (P5V) |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | A-line | Receive / Transmit data -N, A-line |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | DGND | Data Ground (reference potential to VP) |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | B-line | Receive / Transmit data -P, B-line |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | SHIELD | Shield or PE |



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specifications |  | PROFIBUSDP |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Node only current consumption on + 24 V DC inputs | 70 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE/ Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | 2 M 125 pins male-female connectors type B |
|  | Baud rate | 9,6-19,2-93,75-187,5-500-1500-3000-6000-12000 Kbit/s |
|  | Addresses possible numbers | From 1 to 99 |
|  | Maximum nodes number in network | 100 (slave + master) |
|  | Bus maximum recommended length | 100 m at $12 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}-1200 \mathrm{mat} 9,6 \mathrm{Kbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green/red status LED |
| Configuration file |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $5 \ldots+50$ |

## EtherNet/IP protocol node kit

EtherNet/IP node manages 128 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Coding: K5730.128.48EI
Network connection is made via 2 M12 female, type D, 4 pins, circular connectors.
Code K5730.128.48EI provides first 48 outputs, corresponding to least significant 6 bytes, are allocated to the solenoid valve positions, regardless how many they are and how many valves are installed on the manifold directly connected to the node Remaining 80 outputs can be used to manage output modules; bytes allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 V DC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

$$
I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V} \quad \begin{aligned}
& n=\text { number of installed modules } \\
& I_{\text {out }, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS }+24 \mathrm{~V} \\
& m=\text { number of installed solenoid pilots }
\end{aligned}
$$

$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2200 "Optyma S" | 36 mA |
| 2500 "OptymaF" | 54 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma T" | 54 mA |
| Series 2700 | $24 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \mathrm{~W}$ version $) / 100 \mathrm{~mA}(2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ version $)$ |

For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 V DC and INPUTS +24 V DC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C}$ out $+I_{24 V D C}$ in $<4 A$
Where:

$$
I_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { in }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {in,i }} \quad \begin{aligned}
& n=\text { number of installed modules } \\
& I_{i n, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS }+24 \mathrm{VDC} \\
& \text { supply rail (please see specifications of the single module) }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Node only current consumption on + 24 V DC inputs | 65 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE / Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | 2 M12 4 pins male-female connectors type D (IEC 61076-2-101) |
|  | Baud rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Maximum distance between 2 nodes | 100 m |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green/red status LED |
| Configuration file |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## Solenoid valves manifold

Series PX - Serial systems

## EtherCAT ${ }^{\oplus}$ protocol node kit

EtherCAT ${ }^{\circledR}$ node manages 128 inputs and outputs
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration
Network connection is made via 2 M12 female, type D, 4 pins, circular connectors.
Code K5730.128.48EC provides first 48 outputs, corresponding to least significant 6 bytes, are allocated to the solenoid valve positions, regardless how many they are and how many valves are installed on the manifold directly connected to the node. Remaining 80 outputs can be used to manage output modules; bytes allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 V DC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

$$
n=\text { number of installed modules }
$$

$I_{\text {out }, i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS +24 V
DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)
$m$ = number of installed solenoid pilots
$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2200 "Optyma S" | 36 mA |
| 2500 "OptymaF" | 54 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma T" | 54 mA |
| Series 2700 | $24 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \mathrm{~W}$ version) $/ 100 \mathrm{~mA}(2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ version) |

For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 VDC and INPUTS +24 VDC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}+I_{24 V D C \text { in }}<4 \mathrm{~A}$
Where:

$$
I_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { in }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{i n, i} \quad \begin{aligned}
& n=\text { number of installed modules } \\
& I_{i n, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the } \mathrm{i} \text {-th module on the INPUTS }+24 \mathrm{VDC} \\
& \text { supply rail (please see specifications of the single module) }
\end{aligned}
$$

Coding: K5730.128.48EC


In case total current is more than 4A, it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Node only current consumption on +24V DC inputs | 65 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE / Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | 2 M12 4 pins male-female connectors type D (IEC 61076-2-101) |
|  | Baud rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Maximum distance between 2 nodes | 100 m |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green/red status LED |
| Configuration file |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## PROFINET IO RT protocol node kit

PROFINET IO RT node manages 128 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Network connection is made via 2 M12 female, type D, 4 pins, circular connectors.
Code K5730.128.48PN provides first 48 outputs, corresponding to least significant 6 bytes, are allocated to the solenoid valve positions, regardless how many they are and how many valves are installed on the manifold directly connected to the node Remaining 80 outputs can be used to manage output modules; bytes allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 V DC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

$$
I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V} \quad \begin{aligned}
& n=\text { number of installed modules } \\
& I_{\text {out }, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS }+24 \mathrm{~V}
\end{aligned}
$$

$m=$ number of installed solenoid pilots
$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2200 "Optyma S" | 36 mA |
| 2500 "OptymaF" | 54 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma T" | 54 mA |
| Series 2700 | $24 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \mathrm{~W}$ version $) / 100 \mathrm{~mA}(2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ version $)$ |

For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 V DC and INPUTS +24 V DC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C}$ out $+I_{24 V D C}$ in $<4 \mathrm{~A}$
Where:

$$
I_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { in }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {in,i }} \quad \begin{aligned}
& n=\text { number of installed modules } \\
& I_{i n, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS }+24 \mathrm{VDC} \\
& \text { supply rail (please see specifications of the single module) }
\end{aligned}
$$

Coding: K5730.128.48PN


In case total current is more than 4A, it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Node only current consumption on +24 V DC inputs | 65 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE / Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | 2 M 124 pins male-female connectors type D (IEC 61076-2-101) |
|  | Baud rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Maximum distance between 2 nodes | 100 m |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green / red status LED |
| Configuration file |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## Solenoid valves manifold

Series PX - Serial systems

## CC-Link IE Field Basic protocol node kit

CC-Link IE Field Basic node manages 128 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Coding: K5730.128.48CL
Network connection is made via 2 M12 female, type D, 4 pins, circular connectors.
Code K5730.128.48CL provides first 48 outputs, corresponding to least significant 6 bytes, are allocated to the solenoid valve positions, regardless how many they are and how many valves are installed on the manifold directly connected to the node. Remaining 80 outputs can be used to manage output modules; bytes allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 V DC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

$$
n=\text { number of installed modules }
$$

$I_{\text {out }, i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS +24 V
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V}$

$$
m=\text { number of installed solenoid pilots }
$$

$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2200 "Optyma S" | 36 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma F" | 54 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma T" | 54 mA |
| Series 2700 | $24 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \mathrm{~W}$ version $) / 100 \mathrm{~mA}(2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ version) |

For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS +24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 VDC and INPUTS +24 VDC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}+I_{24 V D C \text { in }}<4 A$
Where:
$I_{24 V D C \text { in }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{i n, i}$
$n$ = number of installed modules
$I_{\text {in,i }}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS +24 V DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)

## IO-Link protocol interface kit

IO-Link interface manages 64 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Electric power supply and IO-Link connection to the Master are made via M12, male, 5 pins, type A, circular connector, "CLASS B", according to IO-Link specifications.
Electric rails L+/L-supply interface only, while P24/N24 rails supply additional modules and solenoid valves.
Either power supplies are galvanically isolated in the IO-Link interfaces.
IO-Link interface is available in two versions with 32 or 48 outputs allocated to solenoid valves on the manifold directly connected to the node.
Such outputs correspond to least significant bytes and their allocation is independent of how many solenoid valves are installed. Remaining outputs can be used to control the modules.
Byte allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by pin 2 and pin 5 (P24/N24).
To compute the maximum current on the P24 / N24 supply, please use the following formula::
$n=$ number of installed modules
$I_{\text {out }, i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS +24 V
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V}$
$I_{\text {out }, i}$ DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)
$I_{i n, i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS +24 VDC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)
$m=$ number of installed solenoid pilots
$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

Coding: K5830.64.VIK

(V) \begin{tabular}{l|l|}
\hline VERSION <br>

\hline | $32=32$ output bits available for valve |
| :--- |
| connections | <br>


\hline | $48=48$ output bits available for valve |
| :--- |
| connections | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

(V) connections $48=48$ output bits available for valve connections


| Series | i_EV |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2200 "Optyma S" | 36 mA |
| 2500 "OptymaF" | 54 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma T" | 54 mA |
| Series 2700 | $24 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \mathrm{~W}$ version) $/ 100 \mathrm{~mA}(2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ version) |

$=$ maximum total current absorbed by the $i$-th module on the INPUTS +24 VDC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)
In case total current is more than 4 A , it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specifications |  | IO-Link Specification v1.1 |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | + $24 \mathrm{VDC}+/-10 \%$ |
|  | Interface current consumption on + 24 V DC (L+ / L-) | 25 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE / Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | "Class B" port |
|  | Communication speed | 38.4 kbaud/s |
|  | Maximum distance from Master | 20 m |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green/red status LED |
|  | Vendor ID / Device ID | 1257 (hex 0x04E9) / 3000 (hex 0x0BB8) |
| Configurations file IODD |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## Solenoid valves manifold

Series PX - Inputs and outputs modules

## 8 digital inputs module kit M8

M8 digital inputs module provides 8 M8, 3 pins, female connectors.
Inputs have PNP logic, + 24 V DC $\pm 10 \%$.
It is possible to connect 2 wires devices (e.g. switches, magnetic limit switches, pressure switches, etc.) as well as 3 wires devices (e.g. proximity sensors, photocells, electronic magnetic limit switches, etc.).

Inputs module power supply is provided by +24 VDC power input on the serial system (type A, 4 pin M12 power connector, pin 1) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the inputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per module | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) <br> Reverse polarity |
| Protection | $300 \mathrm{~mA} \Omega$ |
| Input impedence | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Maximum cable length | 8 bit |
| Input data allocation | 5 mA |
| INPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only |  |

Coding: K5230.08.M8


## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



## 8 digital inputs module kit M12

M12 digital inputs module provides 4 M12, 5 pins, female connectors.
Inputs have PNP logic, + 24 V DC $\pm 10 \%$.
Coding: K5230.08.M12
Every connector takes two input channels.
It is possible to connect 2 wires devices (e.g. switches, magnetic limit switches, pressure switches, etc.) as well as 3 wires devices (e.g. proximity sensors, photocells, electronic magnetic limit switches, etc.).

Inputs module power supply is provided by +24 VDC power input on the serial system (type $\mathrm{A}, 4$ pin M12 power connector, pin 1) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the inputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per module | 300 mA |
| Protection | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) <br> Reverse polarity |
| Input impedence | $3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Input data allocation | 8 bit |
| INPUTS +24 V DC current consumption of the module only | 5 mA |



Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


## 8 digital outputs module kit M8

M8 digital inputs module provides 8 M8, 3 pins, female connectors.
Outputs have PNP logic, + $24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$.
Outputs module power supply is provided by +24 V DC power input on the serial system (type A, 4 pins M12 power connector, pin 4)
or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the outputs module.
Power supply presence is displayed by "PWR OUT" green LED light-on
Each output has a LED indicator associated which lights up when output's signal status is high.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per output | 100 mA |
| Protection | Short circuit (electronic), trigger at 2.8A |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Output data allocation | 8 bit |
| OUTPUTS +24 VDC current consumption of the module only | 15 mA |

Coding: K5130.08.M8


## 8 digital outputs module kit M12

M12 digital inputs module provides 4 M12, 5 pins, female connectors
Outputs have PNP logic, + $24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$.
Outputs module power supply is provided by +24 VDC power input on the serial system (type $\mathrm{A}, 4$ pins M12 power connector, pin 4) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the outputs module.
Power supply presence is displayed by "PWR OUT" green LED light-on
Each output has a LED indicator associated which lights up when output's signal status is high.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per output | 100 mA |
| Protection | Short circuit (electronic), trigger at 2.8A |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Output data allocation | 8 bit |
| OUTPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only | 15 mA |

Coding: K5130.08.M12


## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



## Solenoid valves manifold

Series PX - Inputs and outputs modules

## 32 digital inputs module kit ( 37 pins SUB-D connector)

The module provides a SUB-D 37 pins female connector
Inputs have PNP logic, + 24 V DC $\pm 10 \%$.
It is possible to connect 2 wires devices (e.g. switches, magnetic limit switches, pressure switches, etc.) as well as 3 wires devices (e.g. proximity sensors, photocells, electronic magnetic limit switches, etc.).

Inputs module power supply is provided by +24 VDC power input on the serial system (type $\mathrm{A}, 4$ pin M12 power connector, pin 1) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the inputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per module |  |
| Protection | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) <br> Reverse polarity |
| Input impedence | $3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Input data allocation | 32 bit |
| INPUTS + 24 VDC current consumption of the module only | 10 mA |

Coding: K5230.32.37P


## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout

SUB-D 37 pins connector



## 32 digital outputs module kit ( 37 pins SUB-D connector)

The module provides a SUB-D 37 pins female connector
Outputs have PNP logic, + 24 V DC $\pm 10 \%$.
Outputs module power supply is provided by +24 VDC power input on the serial system (type A, 4 pins M12 power connector, pin 4) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the outputs module.
Power supply presence is displayed by "PWR OUT" green LED light-on.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per output | 100 mA |
| Protection | Short circuit (electronic), trigger at 2.8A |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Output data allocation | 32 bit |
| OUTPUTS +24 V DC current consumption of the module only | 15 mA |



## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout




## Analogue inputs module kit M8

M8 analogue inputs module converts analogue signals into digital signals and transfers acquired data to field bus, via network node.
Inputs module power supply is provided by +24 V DC power input on the serial system (type $\mathrm{A}, 4$ pin M12 power connector, pin 1) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the inputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Protection (pin 1) | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) |
| Input impedance (voltage inputs) | $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Digital conversion resolution | 12 bit |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Input data allocation | 16 bit per channel |
| Diagnostic LED | Input signal overcurrent or overvoltage |
| Accuracy | $0,3 \%$ F.S. |
| Overall maximum current 2 channels (pin 1) | 300 mA |
| Overall maximum current 4 channels (pin 1) | $750 \mathrm{~mA}(375 \mathrm{~mA}$ for each pair of channels) |
| INPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only | 15 mA |

Coding: K5230.08

| $\boldsymbol{C}$ | CHANNELS |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $2=2$ channels |
|  | $4=4$ channels |
| $\boldsymbol{*} \boldsymbol{S}$ | SIGNAL |
|  | T.00 $=\operatorname{VOLTAGE}(0-10 \mathrm{~V})$ |
|  | T. $01=\operatorname{VOLTAGE}(0-5 \mathrm{~V})$ |
|  | C. $00=\operatorname{CURRENT}(4-20 \mathrm{~mA})$ |
|  | $\mathbf{C l} .01=\operatorname{CURRENT}(0-20 \mathrm{~mA})$ |



NOILกgIપZISIG YIV

Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


## Solenoid valves manifold

Series PX - Inputs and outputs modules

## Analogue outputs module kit M8

M8 analogue outputs module converts output data, received from field bus via network node, into analogue signal. Outputs module power supply is provided by + 24 V DC power input on the serial system (type $\mathrm{A}, 4$ pins M12 power connector, pin 4) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the outputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Protection (pin 1) | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) |
| Protection (pin 4) | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) |
| Digital conversion resolution | 12 bit |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Output data allocation | 16 bit per channel |
| Diagnostic LED | Output signal overcurrent |
| Accuracy | $0,3 \%$ F.S. |
| Overall maximum current 2 channels (pin 1) | 300 mA |
| Overall maximum current 4 channels (pin 1) | $750 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{(375} \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{for} \mathrm{each} \mathrm{pair} \mathrm{of} \mathrm{channels)} \mathbf{1 5 \mathrm { mA }}$ |
| INPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only | 35 mA |
| OUTPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only (2 <br> channels) | 70 mA |
| OUTPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only (4 <br> channels) |  |

Coding: K5130.OS

| C | CHANNELS |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $2=2$ channels |
|  | $4=4$ channels |
| (S) | SIGNAL |
|  | T. 00 = VOLTAGE (0-10V) |
|  | T. $01=$ VOLTAGE (0-5V) |
|  | C. $00=$ CURRENT ( $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |
|  | C. 01 = CURRENT ( $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |



Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


## Pt100 inputs module kit

Pt100 inputs module digitizes signals from Pt100 probes and transfers acquired data to field bus, via network node. It is possible to connect two, three or four wires probes.
Inputs module power supply is provided by +24 V DC power input on the serial system (type $\mathrm{A}, 4$ pin M12 power connector, pin 1) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the inputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Digital conversion resolution | 12 bit |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Input data allocation | 16 bit per channel |
| Diagnostic LED | Probe presence <br> Temperature out of range |
| Accuracy | $\pm 0,2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Probe temperature range | $-100^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| INPUTS +24 V DC current consumption of the module only (2 channels) | 25 mA |
| INPUTS +24 V DC current consumption of the module only (4 channels) | 35 mA |

## Conversion formula ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

$$
\text { Temperature }\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)=\left(\frac{\text { Points }}{4095} \times 400\right)-100
$$

Coding: K5230.OP.0ヘ

| $\boldsymbol{C}$ | CHANNELS |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $2=2$ channels |
|  | $4=4$ channels |
| (1) | TYPE |
|  | $0=$ Pt 1002 wires |
|  | $1=$ Pt1003 wires |
|  | $2=$ Pt1004 wires |




Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


## Solenoid valves manifold

Series PX - Additional modules

Additional power supply module kit
Additional power supply module supplies additional electric power for downstream optional modules, where "downstream" means farther from serial node, resetting the current limits of the network node / IO-Link interface.
Electric connection of the module to external power supply unit occurs via an M12 4 pins type A male connector.
M12 connector has two different pins to power up logics and inputs (Pin 1) and outputs (Pin 4).
Presence of each power supply rail is indicated by corresponding green LED.
When using IO-Link interface, the additional power supply module is useful for separating the module power supplies of input from the output modules placed downstream.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout

|  | M12 4P male <br> M12A 4P | nector |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PIN | DESCRIPTION | MAX. CURRENT |
| 1 | $\begin{gathered} +24 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ \text { (LOGICS \& INPUTS) } \end{gathered}$ | 4 A |
| 2 | N.C. | - |
| 3 | 0 V | 4 A |
| 4 | + 24 V DC (OUTPUTS) | 4 A |



Signal management
64 INPUT + 64 OUTPUT serial systems - 32 fixed OUTPUT (Ex. PROFIBUS DP and CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$ )


128 INPUT + 128 OUTPUT serial systems - 48 fixed OUTPUT (Ex. EtherNet/IP - EtherCAT ${ }^{\circledR}$ - PROFINET IO RT)


128 INPUT + 128 OUTPUT serial systems - 48 fixed OUTPUT (Ex. EtherNet/IP - EtherCAT® - PROFINET IO RT)


## Solenoid valves manifold

Series PX-Connectors

## POWER SUPPLY connectors

Straight connector M12A 4P female
Coding: 5312A.F04.00


| PIN | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | $+24 \mathrm{VDC}($ LOGICSAND INPUTS) |
| 2 | N.C. |
| 3 | 0 V |
| 4 | +24 VDC (OUTPUTS) |

Power supply socket

Upper view slave connector

## NETWORK connectors



Straight connector M12B 5P male


Upper view slave connector

## INPUTS connectors

Straight connector M12A 5P male


| PIN | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | +24 VDC |
| 2 | INPUTB |
| 3 | 0 V |
| 4 | INPUTA |
| 5 | N.C. |

Upper view slave connector

Straight connector M8 3P male


Coding: 5308A.M03.00

Plug for inputs modules

Coding: 5312B.M05.00

| PIN | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Power Supply |
| 2 | A-Line |
| 3 | DGND |
| 4 | B-Line |
| 5 | SHIELD |

Socket for bus PROFIBUS DP

## Plugs

M12 plug
Coding: 5300.T12


M8 plug
Coding: 5300.T08

## Series 3000 EVO

- Version 3100 ( 10 mm ) and 3400 (15,5 mm)
- Nominal flow rate up to 200 NI/min (Version 3100)
- Nominal flow rate up to $600 \mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min}$ (Version 3400)
- Stand alone or manifold mounted versions
- Valve replacement without disconnecting the tubes

Pneumax valves and solenoid valves are designed to guarantee versatility and maximum reliability in the control of integrated pneumatic circuits.
The Pneumax 3000 EVO series of solenoid valves is a very flexible solution that can be easily configured to optimize the efficiency of the whole system through a constant interface and communication with the machine.
The Pneumax 3000 EVO series is available in stand alone and manifold mounted versions.

- Available with a wide range of serial system protocols
- Wide range of accessories
- Available sub-base mounted or with M5 threaded ports (Version 3100) and G1/8" (Version 3400)
- Possibility to use different pressures along the manifold (including vacuum)
- Certified ${ }^{-1} \mathbf{M}_{u s}$

Both versions include a wide range of functions, capable of working with positive pressures up to 10 bar or vacuum.
The valves have aluminum bodies with integrated electrical connections, manual override and a LED that indicates when the valve is actuated. 3000 EVO series is another addition to the extensive range of solenoid valve systems designed for applications in very demanding industrial sectors such as assembly and robotics, packaging or automotive.

## Construction characteristics

| Body | Aluminium |
| :--- | ---: |
| Seals | NBR |
| Hydraulic piston seals | NBR |
| Springs | AISI 302 stainless steel |
| Operators | Technopolymer |
| Pistons | Aluminium / Technopolymer |
| Spools | Aluminium |
| Technical characteristics |  |
| Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \pm 10 \%$ |
| Pilot consumption | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Pilot working pressure [12-14] | fromfrom 2,5 to 7 bacuum max. <br> Valve working pressure $[1]$ |
| Operating temperature | from $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Protection degree | IP65 |
| Fluid |  |


|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| chnope |  |  |

## Series 3000 EVO - STAND ALONE

## Functions

S.V. 5/2 Monostable Solenoid-Spring
S.V. 5/2 Monostable Solenoid-Differential (only self feeding)
S.V. 5/2 Bistable Solenoid-Solenoid
S.V. 5/3 C.C. Solenoid-Solenoid
S.V. $2 \times 3 / 2$ N.C.-N.C. ( $=5 / 3$ O.C.) Solenoid-Solenoid
S.V. $2 \times 3 / 2$ N.O.-N.O. (=5/3 P.C.) Solenoid-Solenoid
S.V. $2 \times 3 / 2$ N.C.-N.O. Solenoid-Solenoid
S.V. $2 \times 3 / 2$ N.O.-N.C. Solenoid-Solenoid

## Solenoid valve ordering code



Example in the table: $\mathbf{3 1 1 5 . 5 2 . 0 0} \mathbf{3 9}$.82: Solenoid valve size $10 \mathrm{~mm} 5 / 2$ solenoid-spring self feeding with M8 SPEED-UP connector

## Configurator



Example in the table: 3104-C2M15-T-0X0-A3M15-F3M15
Four position manifold Version 3100 (10mm) composed of:

- Solenoid valve $5 / 2$ solenoid-solenoid external feeding, + 24 V DC
- Free valve space plug
- Diaphragm plug on pipe 1
- Solenoid valve $5 / 2$ solenoid-spring self feeding, + 24 V DC
- Solenoid valve $2 \times 3 / 2$ N.C.-N.C. (=5/3 O.C.) solenoid-solenoid, + 24 V DC


## Solenoid-Spring (Self feeding)

Coding: 3115.52.00.39.©


Weight 49 g
SHORT FUNCTION CODE "A"


|  | Technical characteristics |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1$ ( $\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min}$ ) | 160 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms) | 10 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms) | 20 |
| Working pressure (bar) | 2,5 ... 7 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

Solenoid-Differential (Self feeding)


Coding: 3115.52.00.36.©
ELECTRICALCONNECTION
$02=\mathrm{H} 90^{\circ}$ SPEED-UP connector +
C 24 VDC
$82=$ M8 SPEED-UP connector +24 VDC
Weight 49 g
SHORTFUNCTIONCODE "B"

|  |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Technical characteristics |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta p=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Responce time according to SO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 160 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 10 |
| Working pressure (bar) | 15 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |

Solenoid-Solenoid (Self feeding)

${ }^{\text {ch }}{ }^{\text {us }}$

Coding: 3115.52.00.35.©

| C | ELECTRICALCONNECTION |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 02=\mathrm{H} 90^{\circ} \text { SPEED-UP connector }+ \\ & 24 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $82=$ M8 SPEED-UP connector +24 <br> VDC |

Weight 59 g
SHORT FUNCTION CODE "C"


| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Fluid |  |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 160 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 10 |
| Working pressure (bar) | 20 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $2,5 \ldots 7$ |

## Solenoid-Solenoid 5/3 (Closed centres) (Self feeding)



Solenoid-Solenoid 2x3/2 (Self feeding)



Coding: 3115.62.E.35.C
FUNCTION
44 = N.C.- N.C. (5/3 Open centres)
$\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$
$54=$ N.O.-N.C.
55 = N.O.-N.O. (5/3 Pressured centres)
ELECTRICALCONNECTION
$02=\mathrm{H} 90^{\circ}$ SPEED-UP connector +
-
$82=$ M8 SPEED-UP connector +24 VDC

Weight $59,4 \mathrm{~g}$
SHORT FUNCTION CODE:
N.C. N.C. ( $5 / 3$ Open centres) $=$
N.O.-N.O. (5/3 Pressured centres) $=$ " $G$ " N.C.-N.O. = " H "
N.O.-N.C. $=$ " $"$


4
${ }_{c} \mathrm{NH}_{\text {us }}$

|  | Technical characteristics |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$ | 150 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms) | 10 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms) | 15 |
| Working pressure (bar) | 2,5 ... 7 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## Solenoid-Spring (External feeding)




| $\mathbf{C}$ | ELECTRICALCONNECTION |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathbf{0 2}=\mathrm{H} 90^{\circ}$ SPEED-UP connector + <br> 24 VDC |
|  | $\mathbf{8 2}=\mathrm{M} 8$ SPEED-UP connector +24 <br>  <br> VDC |

VDC
Weight 49 g
SHORT FUNCTION CODE "A"

Coding: 3115.52.00.29.C


Technicai characteristics

Solenoid-Solenoid (External feeding)


Coding: 3115.52.00.25.C
ELECTRICALCONNECTION
$02=\mathrm{H} 90^{\circ}$ SPEED-UP connector +
(C) 24 VDC
$82=$ M8 SPEED-UP connector +24 VDC
Weight 59 g
SHORTFUNCTION CODE "C"

|  |  | Technical characteristics |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |  |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ |  |  |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 160 |  |
| Responce time according to $\operatorname{ISO} 12238$, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 10 |  |
| Working pressure (bar) | 10 |  |
| Pilot pressure $(\mathrm{bar})$ | From vacuum to 10 |  |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $2,5 \ldots 7$ |  |

Solenoid-Solenoid 5/3 (Closed centres) (External feeding)

${ }^{\text {c }}{ }^{\text {us }}$


Coding: 3115.53.31.25.©


SHORT FUNCTION CODE "E"

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{min})$ |  |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 150 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 10 |
| Working pressure (bar) | 20 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $2,5 \ldots 7$ |

## Solenoid-Solenoid 2x3/2 (External feeding)



Coding: 3115.62.E.25.C


| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 150 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 10 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ |  |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | $\geq 3+(02 \times$ Inlet pressure) |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |



Solenoid-Solenoid 5/3 (Closed centres) (Self feeding)

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 500 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 10 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 20 |
| Working pressure (bar) | $2,5 \ldots 7$ |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |

Coding: 3415.53 .31 .35 .0
 $02=\mathrm{H} 90^{\circ}$ 24 VDC $82=$ M8 SPEED-UP connector +24

Voc
SHORT FUNCTION CODE "E"

Solenoid-Solenoid 2x3/2 (Self feeding)
 L14 = Manual over ride - side 14

Coding: 3415.62.©.35.©

| F | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 44 = N.C.-N.C. (5/3 Open centres) |
|  | $45=$ N.C.-N.O. |
|  | $54=$ N.O.-N.C. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5 5}=\text { N.O.-N.O. (5/3 Pressured } \\ & \text { centres) } \end{aligned}$ |
| C | ELECTRICALCONNECTION |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0 2}=\mathrm{H} 90^{\circ} \text { SPEED-UP connector }+ \\ & 24 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 82=\text { M8 SPEED-UP connector }+24 \\ & \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |

Weight 100 g
SHORT FUNCTION CODE:
N.C.- N.C. (5/3 Open centres) = "
N.O.-N.O. (5/3 Pressured centres) = " G " N.C.-N.O. = "H" N.O.-N.C. $=$ " $"$

为为



Technical characteristics
Fluid
Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta p=1(\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$
Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms)
Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms)
Working pressure (bar)
Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
|  | 500 |
|  | 10 |
|  | 15 |
|  | $-5 \ldots \ldots 7$ |

## Solenoid-Spring (External feeding)

Coding: 3415.52.00.29.©


Weight 90 g
SHORT FUNCTION CODE "A"


L14 $=$ Manual over ride - side 14

Technical characteristics

| Fluid |
| :--- |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1$ (NI/min) |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms) |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms) |
| Working pressure (bar) |
| Pilot pressure (bar) |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |


| Technical characteristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
|  | 600 |
|  | 10 |
|  | 20 |
|  | From vacuum to 10 |
| $2,5 \ldots 7$ |  |

Solenoid-Solenoid (External feeding)
Coding: 3415.52.00.25.©




> SHORTFUNCTION CODE "C"

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 600 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ |  |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 10 |
| Working pressure (bar) | 10 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $2,5 \ldots 7$ |

## Solenoid-Solenoid 5/3 (Closed centres) (External feeding)




Coding: 3415.53.31.25.©

| C | ALCONNECTIO |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $02=\mathrm{H} 90^{\circ}$ SPEED-UP connector + 24 VDC |
|  | 82 = M8 SPEED-UP connector + 24 VDC |



| Technical characteristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1$ ( $\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$ | 500 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms) | 10 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms) | 20 |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | 2,5 ... 7 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## Solenoid-Solenoid 2x3/2 (External feeding)


c ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{Nis}$

Coding: 3415.62. ©.25.C

| F | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 44 = N.C.-N.C. (5/3 Open centres) |
|  | $45=$ N.C.-N.O. |
|  | 54 = N.O.-N.C. |
|  | $55 \text { = N.O.-N.O. (5/3 Pressured }$ <br> centres) |
| C | ELECTRICALCONNECTION |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0 2}=\mathrm{H} 90^{\circ} \text { SPEED-UP connector }+ \\ & 24 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $82=$ M8 SPEED-UP connector +24 <br> VDC |

Weight 100 g
SHORT FUNCTION CODE:
N.C.- N.C. (5/3 Open centres) = "F"
N.O.-N.O. (5/3 Pressured centres) $=$ " $G$ " N.C.-N.O. = "H" N.O.-N.C. $=$ "I"





| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 500 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 10 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 15 |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | $\geq 3+(02 \times$ Inlet pressure) |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |



|  | No. POSITIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |  |
| L1 | 39 | 49,5 | 60 | 70,5 | 81 | 91,5 | 102 | 112,5 | 123 |  |
| L2 | 29 | 39,5 | 50 | 60,5 | 71 | 81,5 | 92 | 102,5 | 113 |  |
| Weight (g) | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 450 | 500 | 550 |  |

Assembling kit
Coding: 3115.KV
Weight 2 g

## Closing plate

Coding: 3115.00
Weight 10 g


## Manifold



|  | N. POSITIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |  |
| L1 | 58 | 74 | 90 | 106 | 122 | 138 | 154 | 170 | 186 |  |
| L2 | 49 | 65 | 81 | 97 | 113 | 129 | 145 | 161 | 177 |  |
| Weight (g) | 350 | 440 | 530 | 620 | 710 | 800 | 890 | 980 | 1070 |  |

Assembling kit
Coding: 3415.KV


## Closing plate

Coding: 3415.00


Coding: 3430.17
Weight 3 g

M8 connector with 3 wires cable


## Coding: MCH C

CABLELENGTH
L 1 = 2,5 meters
$2=5$ meters
$3=10$ meters
PUR Ø $0,6 \mathrm{~mm} 3 \times 0,15 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$

## Solenoid valve description



From the top


DIN rail fixing


Supply ports and maximum possible size according to valves used


Manual override actuation


Instable function:
Push to actuate
(when released it moves back to the original position)


Bistable function:
Push and turn to get the bistable function

Note: we recommend the manual override is returned to it's original position when not in use

## Solenoid valves installation



Maximum fixing torque for fittings: $0,2 \mathrm{Nm}$

Solenoid valve description


DIN rail fixing


Supply ports and maximum possible size according to valves used


## Manual override actuation



Instable function:
Push to actuate
(when released it moves back to the original position)


Bistable function:
Push and turn to get the bistable function

Note: we recommend the manual override is returned to it's original position when not in use

## Solenoid valves installation



Maximum fixing torque for fittings: $0,2 \mathrm{Nm}$

## Solenoid valves manifold

## Series 3000 EVO - MANIFOLD



The range of solenoid valves to be assembled in pre-configured manifold, is available in multi-pin and serial versions, with a vast choice of connectors and analogue and digital input and output accessories.
The compact and clean design of both the valve body and the manifold, each one produced in aluminum, allows their use in applications requiring space optimization and weight reduction without sacrificing reliability and the prerogatives of aluminum.
The multi-pin connection version is available in three different types of connections:

- SUB-D 25 poles equipped with 24 outputs and configurable in different lengths up to 12 bistable valve positions on the manifold
- SUB-D 37 poles equipped with 32 outputs and configurable in different lengths up to 16 bistable valve positions on the manifold
- SUB-D 44 poles HD equipped with 40 outputs and configurable in different lengths up 20 bistable valve positions on the manifold

Every one of these options covers the wide range of application requirements and provides electronic management by default capable of energy saving on individual coils and managing PNP and NPN connections automatically without any difference in installation for the end user.
Precisely in order to guarantee maximum integration versatility in different machines and applications, the 3000 EVO series valves in the serial version are designed to interface with all main communication protocols: CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$, PROFIBUS DP, EtherNet/IP, EtherCAT® ${ }^{\circledR}$, PROFINET IO RT, CC-Link IE Field Basic and IO-Link.
Each implemented protocol has been provided to guarantee the best expandibility and inputs/outputs management.
In particular it has been provided protocols to manage up to 64 inputs and 64 outputs (PROFIBUS DP, CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$ and IO-Link) and other protocols to manage up to 128 inputs and 128 outputs (EtherCAT ${ }^{\oplus}$, EtherNet/IP, CC-Link IE Field Basic and PROFINET IO RT).
Taking advantage of the output signals it is possible to connect components to manage, for example, proportional pressure regulator or to control other solenoid valves.
The 3000 EVO series allows the use of modules dedicated to managing input signals up to the maximum number of inputs manageable by the specific serial node used.
Input modules with different interfaces and different technologies have been provided: modules with eight digital inputs with M8 or M12 connection, analogue or voltage input modules with M8 connection interface and others.
One of the strengths of this system is the possibility to freely configure the series of input and output modules, giving the advantage of installation flexibility.

## Main characteristics

10 and $15,5 \mathrm{~mm}$ size.
Multi-position sub-bases in different lengths.
Integrated and optimized electrical connection system.

## Functions

S.V. 5/2 Monostable Solenoid-Spring
S.V. 5/2 Monostable Solenoid-Differential
S.V. 5/2 Bistable Solenoid-Solenoid
S.V. 5/3 C.C. Solenoid-Solenoid
S.V. $2 \times 3 / 2$ N.C.-N.C. (=5/3 O.C.) Solenoid-Solenoid
S.V. $2 \times 3 / 2$ N.O.-N.O. (= 5/3 P.C.) Solenoid-Solenoid
S.V. $2 \times 3 / 2$ N.C.-N.O. Solenoid-Solenoid
S.V. $2 \times 3 / 2$ N.O.-N.C. Solenoid-Solenoid

## Rules and configuration scheme




## Configurable on Cadenas platform



## Note:

When composing the configuration, always bear in mind that the maximum number of electrical signals available is:

- 48 if a serial node or IO-Link interface is used.
- 40 if a 44-pole multi-pin is used.
- 32 if a 37-pole multi-pin module is used.
- 24 if a 25 -pole multi-pin module is used.

Each position on the manifold occupies two electrical signals; if a monostable valve is used, an electrical signal is lost.
However, this makes it possible to replace the monostable valve with a bistable valve in the same position.
Diaphragm plugs are used to interrupt ports 1,3 and 5 of the sub-base.
If it is necessary to interrupt more than one port at the same time, put the letters that identify their position in sequence (e.g.: if it is necessary to intercept the ports 3 and 5 you must put the letters YZ ).
If one or more ports must be interrupted more than once, the addition of the intermediate supply/discharge module is necessary.

## Solenoid valves manifold

Series 3000 EVO - MANIFOLD - Configurator

## Electronic components configurator in technopolymer



Refer to the current limits indicated in the pages relating to the nodes / IO-Link interface

## Modules configuration



## Configuration example of complete group:

- Version 3400 (34)
- Solenoid valves $5 / 2$ Solenoid-Solenoid (C)
- Technopolymer PX3 serial system (P-N4-D8-M8)
- Solenoid valves 2X3/2 NC-NC Solenoid-Solenoid (F)
- Manifold in external supply version (E)
- Solenoid valves 2X3/2 NC-NC Solenoid-Solenoid (F)
- Solenoid valves $5 / 2$ Solenoid-Spring (A)


34-P-N4-D8-M8-E-A-C-(2)F

## Configuration examples



Example shown: 31-P-MP3-E-(4)C-(2)A
Manifold with external feeding, multi-pin 37 poles connection and solenoid valves.


Example shown: 34-P-N4-E-(3)C-XYZ-C-(2)A
Manifold with external feeding, serial node, solenoid valves and diaphragm plugs.


Example shown: 31-P-C4-D8-M12-E-C-B-T-XYZ-A-I-W-(2)C-XYZ-(6)C-T
Manifold with external feeding, serial node, M8 input module, M12 output module; solenoid valves, multi-position diaphragm plugs, additional power supply module.


## Example shown: 31-P-C4-(2)D8-M12-A-C-B-(2)I-(2)T

Self feeding manifold with serial node, M8 input module, M12 output module, solenoid valves.

Solenoid-Spring

${ }^{c} \mathrm{Na}_{15}$

Coding: 3141.52.00.39.©

| (CLECTRICALCONNECTION |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $02=+24 \mathrm{VDC}$ |

Weight $55,7 \mathrm{~g}$
SHORT FUNCTION CODE "A"

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 200 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ |  |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 10 |
| Working pressure (bar) | 20 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $2,5 \ldots 7$ |

## Solenoid-Differential


${ }^{\text {ch }}$


Coding: 3141.52.00.36.C
ELECTRICALCONNECTION $02=+24$ VDC

Weight $55,7 \mathrm{~g}$
SHORT FUNCTION CODE "B"

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 200 |
| Responce time according to SO 12238 , activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 10 |
| Responce time according to $\operatorname{SO} 12238$, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 20 |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | $2,5 \ldots 7$ |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |



## Solenoid-Solenoid 5/3 (Closed centres)




Coding: 3141.62.E.35.C

|  | lUNCTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\boldsymbol{4} \boldsymbol{4 4} \boldsymbol{4}$ = N.C.-N.C. ( $5 / 3$ Open centres) |  |
|  | $45=$ N.C.-N.O. |
|  | $54=$ N.O.-N.C. |
|  | $55=$ N.O.-N.O. $(5 / 3$ Pressured <br> centres) |
| $\boldsymbol{C}$ | ELECTRICALCONNECTION |
|  | $\mathbf{0 2}=+24 \mathrm{VDC}$ |

Weight $60,7 \mathrm{~g}$
SHORTFUNCTION CODE:
N.C.-N.C. ( $5 / 3$ Open centres) $=$ "F"
N.O.-N.O. (5/3 Pressured centres) = " G "
N.C.-N.O. = "H"
N.O.-N.C. $=$ " ${ }^{1}$ "




| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1$ (NI/min) |  |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ |  |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 170 |
| Working pressure (bar) | 10 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\geq 3+(02 \times$ Inlet pressure) |



Solenoid-Solenoid

${ }^{\text {col }}$
US

 L14 = Manual over ride - side 14

Coding: 3441.52.00.35.C


Fluid
Technical characteristics

Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta p=1(\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$
Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms) Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms) Working pressure (bar)
Pilot pressure (bar)
Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| 600 |  |
|  | 10 |
|  | 10 |
|  | From vacuum to 10 |
| $2,5 \ldots 7$ |  |
| $-5 \ldots+50$ |  |



Multi-pin module


Coding: 3140.00.C


| Coding example | 3140.00 .25 P (25 poles) | 3140.00.37P (37 poles) | 3140.00 .44 P (44 poles) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weight (g) | 47,4 | 51,3 | 49,1 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |  |  |

Multi-pin connections linking scheme

$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { POSITIONS } & 4 & 6 & 8 & 10 & 12\end{array}$






Weight 12 g

Fitting M5 Ø6
Coding: RDR560

AIR DISTRIBUTION
Weight 7 g


Coding: 3140.00



Weight 38 g



Weight 50 g

Diaphragm plug instalation


Diaphragm plug
Coding: 3430.17


Weight 3 g


## Module adapter kit



Coding: 3100.KA.V

Left endplate kit
Coding: 3100.KT. 00


Weight 52 g

## Offset compensation plate



## DIN rail adapter

Coding: 3400.16


Weight 12 g

DIN rail extension adapter
Coding: 3400.16P


Weight 15 g
Note: For use if an additional DIN rail mount is required, assembled on a single I/O module.

Cable complete with connector, 25 Poles IP65
Coding: 2300.25.D.C

| $\mathcal{C}$ | CABLELENGTH |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathbf{0 3}=3$ meters |
|  | $\mathbf{0 5}=5$ meters |
|  | $10=10$ meters |
| $\mathbf{C}$ | CONNECTOR |
|  | $\mathbf{1 0}=$ In line |
|  | $\mathbf{9 0}=90^{\circ}$ Angle |

Cable complete with connector, 37 Poles IP65
Coding: 2400.37.D.C

|  | CABLE LENGTH |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathbf{0 3}=3$ meters |
|  | $\mathbf{0 5}=5$ meters |
|  | $\mathbf{1 0}=10$ meters |
| $\mathbf{C}$ | CONNECTOR |
|  | $\mathbf{1 0}=$ In line |
|  | $\mathbf{9 0}=90^{\circ}$ Angle |

Cable complete with connector, 44 Poles IP65
Coding: 2300.44.D.C

|  | CABLE LENGTH |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathbf{0 3}=3$ meters |
|  | $\mathbf{0 5}=5$ meters |
|  | $10=10$ meters |
| $\mathbf{C}$ | CONNECTOR |
|  | $10=$ In line |
|  | $\mathbf{9 0}=90^{\circ}$ Angle |

## Solenoid valves manifold

Series 3000 EVO - MANIFOLD ( 10 mm ) - Installation specifications

Solenoid valve description


From the top


DIN rail fixing


Supply ports and maximum possible size according to valves used
It is possible to supply/exhaust the manifold by removing the plugs and


Manual override actuation


Note: we recommend the manual override is returned to it's original position when not in use

## Solenoid valves installation



Maximum fixing torque for fittings: $0,2 \mathrm{Nm}$

## Serial systems and multi-pin modules installation



1. Fix the dedicated adapter (code 3100.KA.00) to the manifold.

2. To lock: rotate anticlockwise (in the direction of the LOCK print on the case).

To unlock: rotate clockwise (in the direction of the UNLOCK print on the case).
The same procedure shall be used to add or remove any module.


## Solenoid valve description



## From the top



## DIN rail fixing



Supply ports and maximum possible size according to valves used
is possible to supply/exhaust the


Manual override actuation


Maximum fixing torque for fittings: $0,2 \mathrm{Nm}$
Serial systems and multi-pin modules installation


1. Fix the dedicated adapter (code $3100 . K A .00$ ) to the manifold.

2. Assemble the required modules.

3. To lock: rotate anticlockwise (in the direction of the LOCK print on the case).
To unlock: rotate clockwise (in the direction of the UNLOCK print on the case).
The same procedure shall be used to add or remove any module.

4. Complete the assembly with the 3100.KT. 00 left endplate kit.

5. Fix the offset compensation plate 3400.P0 to the last single module.


## Solenoid valves manifold

Series 3000 EVO - Serial systems

## CANopen ${ }^{\oplus}$ protocol node

CANopen ${ }^{\oplus}$ node manages 64 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Connection to CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$ fieldbus is made via two M12, male and female, 5 pins, type A circular connectors, in parallel between
them; connectors pinout is compliant to CiA Draft recommendation 303-1 (V. 1.3:30 December 2004).
Transmission speed and address, as well as termination resistor activation are set via DIP-switches.
CAN open ${ }^{\oplus}$ node is available in two versions with 32 or 48 outputs allocated to solenoid valves on the manifold directly connected to the node.
Such outputs correspond to least significant bytes and their allocation is independent of how many solenoid valves are installed. Remaining outputs can be used to control the modules.
Byte allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:
$n=$ number of installed modules
$=$ maximum total current absorbed by the $i$-th module on the OUTPUTS +24 V
$I_{\text {out }, i}$ DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)
$m=$ number of installed solenoid pilots
$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3000 | 36 mA |

Coding: 5530.64.VCO

|  | VERSION |
| :--- | :--- |
| V | $32=32$ output bits available for valve <br> connections |
| $48=48$ output bits available for valve <br> connections |  |



In case total current is more than 4 A , it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 VDC and INPUTS +24 VDC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}+I_{24 V D C \text { in }}<4 A$
Where:
$I_{24 V D C}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{i n, i} \quad \begin{aligned} & n=\text { number of installed modules } \\ & I_{i n, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS }+24 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ & \text { sublease see specifications of the single module) }\end{aligned}$
Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



## PROFIBUS DP protocol node

PROFIBUS DP node manages 64 inputs and outputs.

Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Connection to PROFIBUS DP fieldbus is made via two M12, male and female, 5 pins, type B circular connectors, in parallel between them; connectors pinout is PROFIBUS Interconnection Technology specifications compliant (Version 1.1, August 2001). Address as well as termination resistor activation are set via DIP-switches.
PROFIBUS DP node is available in two versions with 32 or 48 outputs allocated to solenoid valves on the manifold directly connected to the node.
Such outputs correspond to least significant bytes and their allocation is independent of how many solenoid valves are installed. Remaining outputs can be used to control the modules.
Byte allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 V DC (pin 4)
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

|  | $n=$ number of installed modules |
| :--- | :--- |
| $I_{24 V}$ DC out $=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V}$ | maximum total current absorbed by the $i$-th module on the OUTPUTS +24 V <br>  <br>  <br> $m=$ number of installed solenoid pilots |
|  | $i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below) |

## Series

Coding: 5330.64.VPB

|  | VERSION |
| :--- | :--- |
| V | 32 output bits available for valve <br> connections |
|  | $\mathbf{4 8}=48$ output bits available for valve <br> connections |



For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 VDC and INPUTS +24 V DC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C}$ out $+I_{24 V D C \text { in }}<4 \mathrm{~A}$
Where:
$I_{24 V D C}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{i n, i}$

$$
n=\text { number of installed modules }
$$

$I_{\text {in,i }}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS +24 VDC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)

In case total current is more than 4 A , it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specifications |  | PROFIBUS DP |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Node only current consumption on + 24 V DC inputs | 70 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE/ Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | 2 M125 pins male-female connectors type B |
|  | Baud rate | 9,6-19,2-93,75-187,5-500-1500-3000-6000-12000 Kbit/s |
|  | Addresses possible numbers | From 1 to 99 |
|  | Maximum nodes number in network | 100 (slave + master) |
|  | Bus maximum recommended length | $100 \mathrm{mat} 12 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}-1200 \mathrm{mat} 9,6 \mathrm{Kbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green/red status LED |
| Configuration file |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## Solenoid valves manifold

Series 3000 EVO - Serial systems

## EtherNet/IP protocol node

EtherNet/IP node manages 128 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Coding: 5730.128.48EI
Network connection is made via 2 M12 female, type D, 4 pins, circular connectors.
Code 5730.128 .48 El provides first 48 outputs, corresponding to least significant 6 bytes, are allocated to the solenoid valve positions, regardless how many they are and how many valves are installed on the manifold directly connected to the node. Remaining 80 outputs can be used to manage output modules; bytes allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 V DC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V}$

## $n=$ number of installed modules

$I_{\text {out }, i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS +24 V
DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)
$m$ = number of installed solenoid pilots
$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)
3000 Series

For each field bus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 VDC and INPUTS +24 VDC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C}$ out $+I_{24 V D C}$ in $<4 \mathrm{~A}$
Where:
$I_{24 V \text { DC in }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{i n, i} \quad \begin{aligned} & n=\text { number of installed modules } \\ & I_{i n, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS }+24 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ & \text { supply rail (please see specifications of the single module) }\end{aligned}$
In case total current is more than 4 A , it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout




## EtherCAT ${ }^{\text {® }}$ protocol node

EtherCAT ${ }^{\circledR}$ node manages 128 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Coding: 5730.128.48EC
Network connection is made via 2 M12 female, type D, 4 pins, circular connectors.
Code 5730.128 .48 EC provides first 48 outputs, corresponding to least significant 6 bytes, are allocated to the solenoid valve positions, regardless how many they are and how many valves are installed on the manifold directly connected to the node Remaining 80 outputs can be used to manage output modules; bytes allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 V DC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

$$
I_{24 V D C \text { out }=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V}} \begin{aligned}
& n=\text { number of installed modules } \\
& I_{\text {out }, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the } \mathrm{D} \text {-th module on the OUTP rail (please see specifications of the single module) }+24 \mathrm{~V} \\
& m=\text { number of installed solenoid pilots }
\end{aligned}
$$

$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3000 | 36 mA |



For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS +24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 V DC and INPUTS +24 V DC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C}$ out $+I_{24 V D C}$ in $<4 \mathrm{~A}$
Where:
$I_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { in }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{i n, i} \quad \begin{aligned} & n=\text { number of installed modules } \\ & I_{i n, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS }+24 \mathrm{VDC} \\ & \text { supply rail (please see specifications of the single module) }\end{aligned}$
In case total current is more than 4A, it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout




## Solenoid valves manifold

Series 3000 EVO - Serial systems

## PROFINET IO RT protocol node

PROFINET IO RT node manages 128 inputs and outputs
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Coding: 5730.128.48PN
Network connection is made via 2 M12 female, type D, 4 pins, circular connectors.
Code 5730.128 .48 PN provides first 48 outputs, corresponding to least significant 6 bytes, are allocated to the solenoid valve positions, regardless how many they are and how many valves are installed on the manifold directly connected to the node. Remaining 80 outputs can be used to manage output modules; bytes allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V}$

## $n=$ number of installed modules

$I_{\text {out }, i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS +24 V
${ }^{i}$ DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)
$m=$ number of installed solenoid pilots
$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3000 | 36 mA |



In case total current is more than 4A, it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Node only current consumption on + 24 V DC inputs | 65 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE/ Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | 2 M12 4 pins male-female connectors type D (IEC 61076-2-101) |
|  | Baud rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Maximum distance between 2 nodes | 100 m |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green / red status LED |
| Configuration file |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## CC-Link IE Field Basic protocol node

CC-Link IE Field Basic node manages 128 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Network connection is made via 2 M12 female, type D, 4 pins, circular connectors.
Code 5730.128 .48 CL provides first 48 outputs, corresponding to least significant 6 bytes, are allocated to the solenoid valve positions, regardless how many they are and how many valves are installed on the manifold directly connected to the node Remaining 80 outputs can be used to manage output modules; bytes allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 V DC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

$$
I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V} \quad \begin{aligned}
& n=\text { number of installed modules } \\
& I_{\text {out }, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the } i \text {-th module on the OUTP rail (please see specifications of the single module) }+24 \mathrm{~V} \\
& m=\text { number of installed solenoid pilots }
\end{aligned}
$$

$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3000 | 36 mA |

For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS +24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 VDC and INPUTS +24 VDC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}+I_{24 V D C}$ in $<4 A$
Where:
$I_{24 V D C}$ in $=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{i n, i}$
$n$ = number of installed modules
$I_{\text {in, } i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS +24 V DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)

Coding: 5730.128.48CL


## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Node only current consumption on + 24 V DC inputs | 65 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE / Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | 2 M12 4 pins male-female connectors type D (IEC 61076-2-101) |
|  | Baud rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Maximum distance between 2 nodes | 100 m |
|  | Bus diagnosis | 1 Green LED and 1 red status LED + 2 link and activity LEDs' |
| Configuration file |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## Solenoid valves manifold

## Series 3000 EVO - Serial systems

## IO-Link protocol interface

IO-Link interface manages 64 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Electric power supply and IO-Link connection to the Master are made via M12, male, 5 pins, type A, circular connector, "CLASS B", according to IO-Link specifications.
Electric rails L+/L- supply interface only, while P24/N24 rails supply additional modules and solenoid valves.
Either power supplies are galvanically isolated in the IO-Link interfaces.
IO-Link interface is available in two versions with 32 or 48 outputs allocated to solenoid valves on the manifold directly connected to the node.
Such outputs correspond to least significant bytes and their allocation is independent of how many solenoid valves are installed.
Remaining outputs can be used to control the modules.
Byte allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by pin 2 and pin 5 (P24 / N24).
To compute the maximum current on the P24 / N24 supply, please use the following formula::

Coding: 5830.64.VIK

|  | VERSION |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $32=32$ output bits available for valve <br> connections |
| $48=48$ output bits available for valve <br> connections |  |


$n=$ number of installed modules
$I_{\text {out }, i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS +24 V
${ }^{\text {DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module) }}$
$I_{i n, i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the $i$-th module on the INPUTS + 24 VDC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)
$m=$ number of installed solenoid pilots
$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3000 | 36 mA |

$=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS +24 V DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)
In case total current is more than 4 A, it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout

| "CLASS B" connector |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| PIN | M12A 5P MALE |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | SIGNAL |
| 2 | L+ |
| 3 | P24 (+ 24 V DC) |
| 4 | L- |
| 5 | C/Q |



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specifications |  | IO-Link Specification v1.1 |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | + 24 V DC +/-10\% |
|  | Interface current consumption on + 24V DC (L+ / L-) | 25 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE/ Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | "Class B" port |
|  | Communication speed | 38.4 kbaud/s |
|  | Maximum distance from Master | 20 m |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green/red status LED |
|  | Vendor ID / Device ID | 1257 (hex 0x04E9) / 3000 (hex 0x0BB8) |
| Configurations file IODD |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## 8 digital inputs module kit M8

M8 digital inputs module provides $8 \mathrm{M8}$, 3 pins, female connectors.
Inputs have PNP logic, $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$.
It is possible to connect 2 wires devices (e.g. switches, magnetic limit switches, pressure switches, etc.) as well as 3 wires devices (e.g. proximity sensors, photocells, electronic magnetic limit switches, etc.).

Inputs module power supply is provided by +24 V DC power input on the serial system (type A, 4 pin M12 power connector, pin 1) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the inputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per module | 300 mA |
| Protection | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) <br> Reverse polarity |
| Input impedence | $3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Input data allocation | 8 bit |
| INPUTS + 24 VDC current consumption of the module only | 5 mA |

Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


## 8 digital inputs module kit M12

M12 digital inputs module provides 4 M12, 5 pins, female connectors.
Inputs have PNP logic, $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$.
Coding: K5230.08.M12
Every connector takes two input channels.
It is possible to connect 2 wires devices (e.g. switches, magnetic limit switches, pressure switches, etc.) as well as 3 wires devices (e.g. proximity sensors, photocells, electronic magnetic limit switches, etc.).

Inputs module power supply is provided by +24 V DC power input on the serial system (type A, 4 pin M12 power connector, pin 1) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the inputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per module | 300 mA |
| Protection | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) <br> Reverse polarity |
| Input impedence | $3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Input data allocation | 8 bit |
| INPUTS + 24 VDC current consumption of the module only | 5 mA |



Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


## Solenoid valves manifold

Series 3000 EVO - Inputs and outputs modules

## 8 digital outputs module kit M8

M8 digital inputs module provides 8 M8, 3 pins, female connectors.
Outputs have PNP logic, + $24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$.
Outputs module power supply is provided by + 24 VDC power input on the serial system (type A, 4 pins M12 power connector, pin 4) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the outputs module.
Power supply presence is displayed by "PWR OUT" green LED light-on.
Each output has a LED indicator associated which lights up when output's signal status is high.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per output | 100 mA |
| Protection | Short circuit (electronic), trigger at 2.8A |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Output data allocation | 8 bit |
| OUTPUTS +24 V DC current consumption of the module only | 15 mA |

Coding: K5130.08.M8


## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout

| M8 3P female connector |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| PIN |  |
| $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| 3 | DESCRIPTION |
| 4 | N.C. |



## 8 digital outputs module kit M12

M12 digital inputs module provides 4 M12, 5 pins, female connectors.
Outputs have PNP logic, + $24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$.
Outputs module power supply is provided by + 24 VDC power input on the serial system (type A, 4 pins M12 power connector, pin 4) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the outputs module.
Power supply presence is displayed by "PWR OUT" green LED light-on.
Each output has a LED indicator associated which lights up when output's signal status is high.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per output | 100 mA |
| Protection | Short circuit (electronic), trigger at 2.8A |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Output data allocation | 8 bit |
| OUTPUTS +24 V DC current consumption of the module only | 15 mA |



Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


## 32 digital inputs module kit ( 37 pins SUB-D connector)

The module provides a SUB-D 37 pins female connector
Inputs have PNP logic, $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$.

Coding: K5230.32.37P



## 32 digital outputs module kit (37 pins SUB-D connector)

The module provides a SUB-D 37 pins female connector.
Outputs have PNP logic, + 24 VDC $\pm 10 \%$.
Outputs module power supply is provided by +24 VDC power input on the serial system (type A, 4 pins M12 power connector, pin 4) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the outputs module.
Power supply presence is displayed by "PWR OUT" green LED light-on.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per output | 100 mA |
| Protection | Short circuit (electronic), trigger at 2.8A |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Output data allocation | 32 bit |
| OUTPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only | 15 mA |

Coding: K5130.32.37P


## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



## Analogue inputs module kit M8

M8 analogue inputs module converts analogue signals into digital signals and transfers acquired data to field bus, via network node.
Inputs module power supply is provided by +24 V DC power input on the serial system (type A, 4 pin M12 power connector, pin 1) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the inputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Protection (pin 1) | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) |
| Input impedance (voltage inputs) | $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Digital conversion resolution | 12 bit |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Input data allocation | 16 bit per channel |
| Diagnostic LED | Input signal overcurrent or overvoltage |
| Accuracy | $0,3 \%$ F.S. |
| Overall maximum current 2 channels (pin 1) | 300 mA |
| Overall maximum current 4 channels (pin 1) | $750 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{(375} \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{for} \mathrm{each} \mathrm{pair} \mathrm{of} \mathrm{channels)} 10.15 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| INPUTS + 24 VDC current consumption of the module only |  |

Coding: K5230.CS

| C | CHANNELS |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 2=2 channels |
|  | $4=4$ channels |
| (S) | SIGNAL |
|  | T. $00=$ VOLTAGE (0-10 V$)$ |
|  | T. $01=$ VOLTAGE $(0-5 \mathrm{~V})$ |
|  | C. $00=$ CURRENT ( $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |
|  | C. $01=$ CURRENT ( $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |



Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


## Analogue outputs module kit M8

M8 analogue outputs module converts output data, received from field bus via network node, into analogue signal. Outputs module power supply is provided by + 24 V DC power input on the serial system (type A, 4 pins M12 power connector, pin 4) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the outputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Protection (pin 1) | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) |
| Protection (pin 4) | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) |
| Digital conversion resolution | 12 bit |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Output data allocation | Output signal overcurrent |
| Diagnostic LED | $0,3 \%$ F.S. |
| Accuracy | 16 A |
| Overall maximum current 2 channels (pin 1) | $2 \mathrm{~A}(1$ A for each pair of channels) |
| Overall maximum current 4 channels (pin 1) | 15 mA |
| INPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only | 35 mA |
| OUTPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only (2 <br> channels) | 70 mA |
| OUTPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only (4 <br> channels) |  |

Coding: K5130.00

| C | CHANNELS |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 = 2 channels |
|  | $4=4$ channels |
| (S) | SIGNAL |
|  | T. 00 = VOLTAGE (0-10 V) |
|  | T. $01=$ VOLTAGE (0-5V) |
|  | C. $00=$ CURRENT ( $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |
|  | C. 01 = CURRENT ( $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |



Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


## Pt100 inputs module kit

Pt100 inputs module digitizes signals from Pt100 probes and transfers acquired data to field bus, via network node. It is possible to connect two, three or four wires probes.
Inputs module power supply is provided by +24 V DC power input on the serial system (type A, 4 pin M12 power connector, pin 1) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the inputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Digital conversion resolution | 12 bit |  |  |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |  |
| Input data allocation | 16 bitper channel |  |  |
| Diagnostic LED | Probe presence |  |  |
| Accuracy | Temperature out of range |  |  |
| Probe temperature range | $\pm 0,2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| INPUTS + 24 VDC current consumption of the module only (2 channels) | $-100^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| INPUTS + 24VDC current consumption of the module only (4 channels) | 25 mA |  |  |
|  |  |  | 35 mA |

Coding: K5230.OP.0©

| $\boldsymbol{C}$ | CHANNELS |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $2=2$ channels |
|  | $4=4$ channels |
| © | TYPE |
|  | $0=$ Pt1002 wires |
|  | $1=$ Pt1003 wires |
|  | $2=$ Pt100 4 wires |



Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


## Additional power supply module kit

Additional power supply module supplies additional electric power for downstream optional modules, where "downstream" means farther from serial node, resetting the current limits of the network node / IO-Link interface

Coding: K5030.M12
Electric connection of the module to external power supply unit occurs via an M12 4 pins type A male connector.
M12 connector has two different pins to power up logics and inputs (Pin 1) and outputs (Pin 4).
Presence of each power supply rail is indicated by corresponding green LED.
When using IO-Link interface, the additional power supply module is useful for separating the module power supplies of input from the output modules placed downstream.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout

| M12 4P male connector |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PIN | DESCRIPTION | MAX. CURRENT |
| 1 | $\begin{gathered} +24 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ \text { (LOGICS \& INPUTS) } \end{gathered}$ | 4 A |
| 2 | N.C. | - |
| 3 | 0 V | 4 A |
| 4 | + 24 V DC (OUTPUTS) | 4 A |



Solenoid valves manifold
Series 3000 EVO - Signal management

## Signal management

64 INPUT + 64 OUTPUT serial systems - 32 fixed OUTPUT (Ex. PROFIBUS DP and CANopen ${ }^{\text {® }}$ )


64 INPUT + 64 OUTPUT serial systems - 48 fixed OUTPUT (Ex. PROFIBUS DP and CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$ )


128 INPUT + 128 OUTPUT serial systems - 48 fixed OUTPUT (Ex. EtherNet/IP - EtherCAT ${ }^{\circledR}$ - PROFINET IO RT)


POWER SUPPLY connectors
Straight connector M12A 4P female
Coding: 5312A.F04.00


| PIN | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | $+24 \mathrm{VDC}($ LOGICSAND INPUTS) |
| 2 | N.C. |
| 3 | 0 V |
| 4 | +24 VDC (OUTPUTS) |

Power supply socket

Upper view slave connector

## NETWORK connectors

Straight connector M12A 5P female


Upper view slave connector
Straight connector M12A 5P male


Upper view slave connector

| PIN | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | (CAN_SHIELD) |
| 2 | (CAN_V+) |
| 3 | CAN_GND |
| 4 | CAN_H |
| 5 | CAN_L |

Coding: 5312A.F05.00

Socket for bus CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$ and IO-Link

Coding: 5312A.M05.00

Plug for bus CANopen ${ }^{*}$

Coding: 5312D.M04.00

| PIN | SIGNAL | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | TX+ | EtherNet Transmit High |
| 2 | RX+ | EtherNet Receive High |
| 3 | TX- | EtherNet Transmit Low |
| 4 | RX- | EtherNet Receive Low |

Plug for bus EtherCAT®, PROFINETIO RT and EtherNet/IP

Trademarks: EtherCAT ${ }^{\circledR}$ is registered trademark and patented technology, licensed by Beckhoff Automation GmbH, Germany.
Upper view slave connector
Straight connector M12B 5P female


Upper view slave connector
Straight connector M12B 5P male


Upper view slave connector


Coding: 5312B.F05.00

| PIN | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Power Supply |
| 2 | A-Line |
| 3 | DGND |
| 4 | B-Line |
| 5 | SHIELD |

Coding: 5312A.M05.00
Plug for inputs modules


Upper view slave connector

## INPUTS connectors

Straight connector M12A 5P male

| PIN | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | +24 VDC |
| 2 | INPUTB |
| 3 | 0 V |
| 4 | INPUTA |
| 5 | N.C. |

Straight connector M8 3P male


Coding: 5308A.M03.00

Plug for inputs modules

M12 plug
Coding: 5300.T12

## M8 plug

Coding: 5300.T08


## Solenoid valves manifold

Series 2200 Optyma-S EVO

## Series 2200 Optyma-S EVO



2200 SERIES Optyma-S EVO SOLENOID VALVES MANIFOLD

- Increased flexibility
- Digital and analogue I/O modules
- Manufactured in technopolymer
- Wide range of communication protocols


## CANopen



Ethercat. ${ }^{\text {² }}$
Etheri'et/IP
© IO-Link

## WE SPEAK EVO

The Optyma-S series becomes EVO and interfaces with the new PX series modular electronic system while still retaining all of its technical advantages. This is enriched with new features that further extend the flexibility of the product:

- Controls up to 48 electrical signals
- Manifold mounted proportional regulators
- Electro-pneumatic shut-off module


## CC-Línk IE Field

## Construction characteristics

| Body | Technopolymer |
| :--- | :---: |
| Seals | NBR |
| Hydraulic piston seals | NBR |
| Springs | Stainless Steel |
| Operators | Technopolymer |
| Pistons | Technopolymer |
| Spools | Stainless Steel |

## Technical characteristics

| Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Pilot consumption | $1,3 \mathrm{~W}$ nominal in energy saving mode |
| Pilot working pressure (12-14) | from 2,5 to 7 bar max. |
| Valve working pressure [1] | from vacuum to 10 bar max. |
| Operating temperature | from $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Protection degree | IP65 |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |

## Rules and configuration scheme



Note:
When composing the configuration, always bear in mind that the maximum number of electrical signals available is:

- 48 if a serial node or IO-Link interface is used.
- 40 if a 44 -pole multi-pin is used.
- 32 if a 37 -pole multi-pin module is used.
- 24 if a 25 -pole multi-pin module is used.

If a monostable valve is used on a bistable type base (2 electrical signals occupied), an electrical signal is lost.
However, this makes it possible to replace the monostable valve with a bistable valve in the same position.
Diaphragm plugs are used to interrupt ports 1,3 and 5 of the sub-base.
If it is necessary to interrupt more than one port at the same time, put the letters that identify their position in sequence (e.g.: if it is necessary to intercept the ports 3 and 5 you must put the letters YZ ).
If one or more ports must be interrupted more than once, the addition of the intermediate supply/discharge module is necessary.

## Solenoid valves manifold

Series 2200 Optyma-S EVO - Configurator
pmeumax

## Electronic components configurator in technopolymer



Refer to the current limits indicated in the pages relating to the nodes / IO-Link interface

## 2 positions base module configurator



## Accessory module configurator



## Solenoid valves manifold

Series 2200 Optyma-S EVO - Configurator

## Configuration example of single pneumatic module:

Ø6 Bistable base, intermediate diaphragm on ports 1,3 and $5,2 \times 3 / 2$ NC-NC Solenoid valve with individual power supply accessory 5/2 Solenoid-Solenoid valve


## Configuration example of complete group:

- Technopolymer PX3 serial system (P-14-D12-M12-D8G)
- Left endplates - External feeding (E)
- Ø6 Bistable base with (6HF) Solenoid valve
- Ø6 Bistable base with (6IE) Solenoid valve
- Ø4 Monostable base with (3AA) Solenoid valve
- $\varnothing 4$ Monostable base with (3BB) Solenoid valve
- $\varnothing 8$ Bistable base with (8FI) Solenoid valve
- $\varnothing 8$ Bistable base with (8HE) Solenoid valve
- Right endplate closed (U0)


SE-P-I4-D12-M12-D8G-E-6HF-6IE-3AA-3BB-8FI-8HE-U0


## DIN rail mounting support plate



$\triangle$Attention: This must be included when creating the manifold configuration. Exclude the offset compensation plate.

Offset compensation plate


Attention: This accessory is supplied on the manifold unless otherwise stated. This is not compatible for DIN rail mounting.

## DIN rail fixing



Supply ports and maximum possible size according to valves used

Serial system node version


Multi-pin version


## Manual override actuation

## Instable function:

Push to actuate
(when released it moves back to the original position)

## Bistable function:

Push and turn to get the bistable function



Note: we recommend the manual override is returned to it's original position when not in use

## Solenoid valves installation



Note: Torque moment $0,8 \mathrm{Nm}$

## Sub-base assembly



Minimum torque moment: 2 Nm Maximum fixing torque for fittings: $2,5 \mathrm{Nm}$

Solenoid-Spring


Coding: 2241.52.00.39.V
VOLTAGE
(v)
$02=24 \mathrm{VDC}$ PNP
$12=24 \mathrm{VDCNPN}$
$05=24 \mathrm{VAC}$
SHORT FUNCTION CODE"A" Weight 67 g


Solenoid-Differential

| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fluid |  | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) |  | From vacuum to 10 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) |  | 2,5... 7 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | -5... +50 |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1$ (N//min) | with modular base, tube $\varnothing 4$ | 140 |
|  | with modular base, tubeø6 | 400 |
|  | with modular base, tube $\varnothing 8$ | 550 |
|  | with modular base, tube $\varnothing 10$ | 850 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms) |  | 20 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms) |  | 25 |

Coding: 2241.52.00.36.V
VOLTAGE
(v)
$02=24 \mathrm{VDC}$ PNP
$12=24 \mathrm{VDCNPN}$
$05=24 \mathrm{VAC}$
SHORT FUNCTIONCODE"B" Weight 67 g


Solenoid-Solenoid

| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fluid |  | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) |  | From vacuum to 10 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) |  | 2,5 ... 7 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$ | with modular base, tube $\varnothing 4$ | 140 |
|  | with modular base, tube ø6 | 400 |
|  | with modular base, tube $\varnothing 8$ | 550 |
|  | with modular base, tube ø10 | 900 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms) |  | 10 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms) |  | 10 |

Coding: 2241.52.00.35.V
$\qquad$
(v) $02=24 \mathrm{VDCPNP}$ $12=24 \mathrm{VDCNPN}$ HORT FUNCTION CODE "C" Weight 67 g


Solenoid-Solenoid 5/3 (Closed centres)
Coding: 2241.53.31.35.V


VOLTAGE
(v) $02=24 \mathrm{VDC} P \mathrm{PN}$
$12=24 \mathrm{VDCNPN}$ $05=24 \mathrm{VAC}$
SHORT FUNCTION CODE"E" Weight 83 g


Solenoid-Solenoid 2x3/2

| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fluid |  | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) |  | From vacuum to 10 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) |  | $\geq 3+$ (0,2xinlet pressure) |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | -5 ... +50 |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta p=1$ ( $\mathrm{N} /$ / min) | with modular base, tube $\varnothing 4$ | 140 |
|  | with modular base, tube $\varnothing 6$ | 360 |
|  | with modular base, tube $\varnothing 8$ | 420 |
|  | with modular base, tube $\varnothing 10$ | 650 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms) |  | 15 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms) |  | 25 |

Example: If inlet pressure is set at 5 bar then pilot pressure must be at least $\mathrm{Pp}=3+(0,2 * 5)=4$ bar

Coding: 2241.62.F.35.V

| F | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 44 = NC-NC (5/3 Open centres) |
|  | 45 = NC-NO (normally closednormally open) |
|  | $54=$ NO-NC (normally opennormally closed) |
|  | 55 = NO-NO (5/3 Pressured centres) |
| V | VOLTAGE |
|  | $02=24 \mathrm{VDCPNP}$ |
|  | $12=24 \mathrm{VDCNPN}$ |
|  | $05=24$ VAC |

SHORTFUNCTION CODE:
NC-NC (5/3 Open centres) $=$ "F"
 N.C.-N.O. $=$ "H"
N.O.-N.C. $=$ "l"
Weight 75 g


 *


Left Endplate


12/14 SEPARATED FROM PORT 1 Weight 199 g

> 22E0.02.02.S


Right Endplate

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |



PORT 82/84= DO NOT PRESSURIZE, SOLENOID PILOTS EXHAUST Weight 148 g


Coding: 22E0.V.S
VERSION
(v) 02 = External feeding

12 = Self-feeding

12/14 CONNECTEDTO PORT 1
Weight 199 g
22E0.12.12.S


Modular base (2 places)



Coding: 22EC.EV

| 0 | TUBE DIAMETER |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $4=\varnothing 4$ |
|  | $6=\varnothing 6$ |
|  | $8=\varnothing 8$ |
| E | FUNCTION |
|  | 01 = Opened ports |
|  | 03 = Ports 1-5 separated |
|  | $04=$ Ports 1-3 separated |
|  | $05=$ Ports 5 separated |
|  | $06=$ Separated ports |
|  | 07 = Port 1 separated |
|  | 08 = Ports 3-5 separated |
|  | $09=$ Ports 3 separated |
| V | VERSION |
|  | M = for monostable S.V. |
|  | B $=$ for bistable S.V. |

Weight 75 g
22E6.eV


Weight 75 g
22E8.EV

High flow rate modular base (2 places)

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## Coding: 22E1.01V

## Weight 200 g


the two solenoid valves mounted on the high-flow base are pneumatically and electrically in parallel.
Attention: solenoid valves must be of the same type.
Attention: the additional supply is necessary to guarantee the declared flow values, the port (1), if not supplied, it must be plugged.

## Monostable configuration


the monostable base consumes only one electrical signal and can only mount monostable solenoid valves.

Bistable configuration

the bistable base consumes two electrical signals and can mount both bistable and monostable solenoid valves; in the latter case one electrical signal will be lost.

Closing plate
Coding: 2240.00

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |




Proportional regulator base

Coding: 22E0.C.RP


3D PRINTING

Weight 120 g

> 22E0.00.RP


Weight 120 g
$3 / 5=$ Exhaust connections

$\square$


## Proportional regulator installation on its base



## Technical characteristics

|  | Pneumatic characteristics |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fluid | Air filtered at 5 micron and dehumidified |
| Minimum inlet pressure | Desired outlet pressure + 1 bar |
| Maximum inlet pressure | 10 bar |
| Outlet pressure | $0 . . .9$ bar |
| Nominal flow rate from 1 to 2 (6 bar $\triangle \mathrm{P} 1$ bar) | $1100 \mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min}$ |
| Discharge flow rate (6 bar with 1 bar overpressure) | $1300 \mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min}$ |
| Air consumption | $<1 \mathrm{Nl} /$ min |
| Supply connection | G 1/4" |
| Operating connection | G 1/4" |
| Exhaust connection | G 1/8" |
| Maximum fitting tightening | 15 Nm |


|  | Electrical characteristics |
| :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage | $24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ (stabilized with ripple<1\%) |
| Standby current consumption | 70 mA |
| Current consumption with solenoid valves on | 400 mA |
| **Reference Signal $\quad$ Voltage | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{*} 0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V} \\ & { }^{*} 0 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & { }^{1} 1 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| Current | $\begin{aligned} & \hline{ }^{*} 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & { }^{*} 0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| **Inputimpedance Voltage | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Current | $250 \Omega$ |
| **Digital inputs | $24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
| **Digital output | $24 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{PNP} \mathrm{(max} \mathrm{current} 50 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |


|  |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Linearity | Functional characteristics |
| Hysteresis |  |
| Repeatability | $\pm$ Insensitivity |
| Sensitivity | $\pm$ Insensitivity |
| Assembly position | $\pm$ Insensitivity |
| Protection grade | 0,01 bar |
| Ambient temperature | Indifferent |


| Construction characteristics |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Body |  |
| Shutters |  |
| Diaphragm | Anodized aluminum |
| Seals | Brass with vulcanized NBR |
| Coverforelectrical part | Cloth-covered rubber |
| Springs | NBR |
| Weight | Technopolymer |

* Selectable by keyboard or by RS-232
** Valid only for devices with analog input


## Installation/Operation

PNEUMATIC CONNECTION


The compressed air is connected by G $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ threaded holes on the body. Before making the connections, eliminate any impurities in the connecting pipes to prevent chippings or dust entering the unit. Do not supply the circuit with more than 10 bar pressure and make sure that the compressed air is dried (excessive condensate could cause the appliance to malfunction) and filtered at 5 micron. The supply pressure to the regulator must always be at least 1 bar greater than the desired outlet pressure. If a silencer is applied to the discharge path the unit response time may change; periodically check that the silencer is not blocked and replace it if necessary

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION


For the electrical connection a SUB-D 15-pole female or a M12 connector is used (accordingly to the model, to be ordered separately). Wire in accordance with the wiring diagram shown below. Warning: INCORRECT CONNECTIONS MAY DAMAGE THE DEVICE

NOTES ON OPERATION

If the electric supply is interrupted, the outlet pressure is maintained at the set value. However, maintaining the exact value cannot be ensured as it is impossible to operate the solenoid valves. In order to discharge the circuit downstream, zero the reference, make sure that the display shows a pressure value equal to zero and then disconnect the electric power supply. A version of the device is available that exhausts the downstream circuit when the power supply is removed (Option " $A$ " at the end of the ordering code). If the compressed-air supply is suspended and the electric power supply is maintained a whirring will be heard that is due to the solenoid valves; an operating parameter can be activated (P18) that triggers the regulator protection whenever the requested pressure is not reached within 4 seconds of the reference signal being sent In this case the system will intervene to interrupt the control of the solenoid valves. Every twenty seconds, the unit will start the reset procedure until standard operating conditions have been restored.

Proportional regulator, standard version with D-SUB connector


TOP VIEW OF THE REGULATOR CONNECTOR


CONNECTOR PINOUT
1 = DIGITAL INPUT
2 = DIGITALINPUT
3 = DIGITALINPUT 3
4 = DIGITAL INPUT 4
5 = DIGITAL INPUT 5
6 = DIGITAL INPUT
= DIGITALINPUT
= DIGITAL INPUT 7
= ANALOG INPUT
9 = SUPPLY (24 VDC)
10 = DIGITAL OUTPUT (24 VDC PNP)
1 = ANALOG OUTPUT (CURRENT)
12 =ANALOG OUTPUT (VOLTAGE)
13 = Rx RS-232
14 = Tx RS-232
$15=$ GND

Proportional regulator, M12 standard version


Proportional regulator, CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$ version with D-SUB connector


TOP VIEW OFTHE REGULATOR CONNECTOR


CONNECTOR PINOUT:
1 = CAN_SHIELD
$2=$ CAN_V +
$3=$ CAN_GND
$4=$ CAN_H
$5=$ CAN_L
$6=\mathrm{NC}$
$7=N C$
$7=N C$
$8=N C$
$8=\mathrm{NC}$
9 = SUPPLY (+24 VDC)
$10=$ CAN_SHIELD
$11=$ CAN_V +
$12=$ CAN_GND
$13=$ CAN_H
$14=$ CAN L $15=$ GND

Proportional regulator, CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$ version with M12 connector


Proportional regulator, IO-Link version


CONNECTOR PINOUT:
$1=L+$
$2=+24$ VDC (P24)
3 = L-
$4=C / Q$
$5=$ GND (N24)

Proportional regulator, EtherCAT ${ }^{\circledR}$, PROFINET IO RT and EtherNet/IP version


-4
3

## M84P <br> MALE

CONNECTOR PINOUT:
= Device logic power supply
$2=$ NC
= GND
4 = Solenoid valves power supply

CONNECTOR PINOUT:
1 = TX Signal + (Ethernet Transmit High) $2=$ RX Signal + (Ethernet Receive High 3 = TX Signal - (Ethernet Transmit Low) $4=$ RX Signal - (Ethernet Receive Low)


M12D 4P
FEMALE

Proportional regulator, standard version with D-SUB connector


## Accessories

Model with SUB-D 15 poles connector



Coding: 221E2N.T.D.P.V

TYPE
(T) C = Current signal ( $4-20 \mathrm{~mA} / 0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) $\mathrm{T}=$ Voltage signal ( $0-10 \mathrm{~V} / 0-5 \mathrm{~V} / 1-5 \mathrm{~V}$ )
PRESSURE RANGE
0001 = from 0 to 1 bar
0005 = from 0 to 5 bar
0009 = from 0 to 9 bar VARIANT
= Standard version
A = Exhaust downstream pressure when power supply is removed

Proportional regulator, CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$ version with M12 connector


## Accessories

## Coding:221E2N.M.C.P.V

| P | PRESSURE RANGE |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 0001 = from 0 to 1 bar |
|  | 0005 = from 0 to 5 bar |
|  | 0009 = from 0 to 9 bar |
| (V) | VARIANT |
|  | = Standard Version |
|  | A = Exhaust downstream pressure when power supply is removed |

Female straight connector M12A 4P


Network connector

Male straight connector M12A 5P


Proportional regulator, M12 standard version



Coding: 221E2N.(T.U.P.V

| (1) | TYPE |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | C = Current signal ( $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |
|  | T = Voltage signal ( $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ ) |
| (U) | OUTPUT |
|  | F = Voltage analogue output |
|  | G = Current analogue output |
|  | H = Digital output |
| (P) | PRESSURE RANGE |
|  | 0001 = from 0 to 1 bar |
|  | 0005 = from 0 to 5 bar |
|  | 0009 = from 0 to 9 bar |
| (V) | VARIANT |
|  | = Standard Version |
|  | A = Exhaust downstream pressure when power supply is removed |

Proportional regulator, IO-Link version


## Accessories

Power supply connector

Female straight connector M12A 4P
Coding: 5312A.F05.00

Proportional regulator, EtherCAT®, PROFINETIORT and EtherNet/IP version


## Accessories

Power supply connector
Male straight connector M12D 4P


Coding: 221E2N.T.0009.V


Intermediate electro-pneumatic shut-off module 2/4/6/8 positions

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $3 \ldots 7$ (piloting 12/14) |
| Feeding | $-5 \ldots+50$ |
| Protection | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
| Maximum load | Inverted polarity protection |
| Indicators | 100 mA |
| Series modules maximum number | +24 VDC presence LED |

Coding: 22E0.(D.T.C

| (1) | MODULE |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $10=12-14$ open |
|  | 11 = 12-14 closed |
| (1) | SHUT-OFF |
|  | 2A $=2$ Signals |
|  | $4 \mathrm{~A}=4$ Signals |
|  | $6 A=6$ Signals |
|  | $8 \mathrm{~A}=8$ Signals |
| C | CONNECTION |
|  | M8 = M8 |
|  | M12 $=$ M12 |

1


Weight 120 g

## WORKING PRINCIPLE / SIMPLIFIED FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM

intermediate electro-pneumatic shut-off module allows you to interrupt at the same time the first $2,4,6$ or 8 available command signals for the valves after the module itself.
When the shut-off module is present, the controlled output logic signal values are equal to the input logic signal values which came from the serial node or the multi-pin module.
If the supply input signal is absent, the controlled output logic signal values are all equal to zero. This module is particularly useful when control signals are used to block the valves; it is also effective both with serial management and multi-pin connection of the manifolds.
It is possible to use more modules to interrupt every command signals simply by inserting them before the signals to be interrupted.



| PIN 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| IN 1 | OUT 1 |
| IN 2 | OUT 2 |
| IN 3 | OUT 3 |
| IN 4 | OUT 4 |
| IN 5 | OUT 5 |
| IN 6 | OUT 6 |
| IN 7 | OUT 7 |
| IN 8 | OUT 8 |
| IN... | OUT ... |
| IN 48 | OUT 48 |



| PIN 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| IN 1 | OUT 1 |
| IN 2 | OUT 2 |
| IN 3 | OUT 3 |
| IN 4 | OUT 4 |
| IN 5 | OUT 5 |
| IN 6 | OUT 6 |
| IN 7 | OUT 7 |
| IN 8 | OUT 8 |
| IN. | OUT ... |
| IN 48 | OUT 48 |





| PIN 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IN 1 | $\omega_{0}, 0$ | OUT 1 |
| IN 2 | $0-10$ | OUT 2 |
| IN 3 | $9-0$ | OUT 3 |
| IN 4 | $0-10$ | OUT 4 |
| IN 5 | $9-0$ | OUT 5 |
| IN 6 |  | OUT 6 |
| $\text { IN } 7$ | $0^{\circ} 0$ | $\text { OUT } 7$ |
| $\text { IN } 8$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\text { OUT } 8$ |
| IN ... |  | OUT ... |
| IN 48 |  | OUT 48 |

## Solenoid valves manifold

Series 2200 Optyma-S EVO

## Usage examples

## EXAMPLE 1

Manifold of 10 solenoid valves on which you want to interrupt signals 9 and 10 .
Assembly:

- 4 bistable solenoid valves (not interruptible because before the module)
- 1 intermediate electro-pneumatic shut-off module, 2 signals M8 with conduit 12/14 closed
- 2 monostable solenoid valves (interruptible)
- 4 bistable solenoid valves (managed directly by the corresponding command signal)



## EXAMPLE 2

Manifold of 10 solenoid valves on which you want to interrupt signals 9 and 12.
Assembly:

- 4 bistable solenoid valves (not interruptible because before the module)
- 1 intermediate electro-pneumatic shut-off module, 4 signals M8 with conduit 12/14 closed
- 2 monostable solenoid valves (interruptible)
- 4 bistable solenoid valves (the first one is interruptible, the others are managed directly by the corresponding command signal)



## EXAMPLE 3

Manifold of 20 solenoid valves on which you want to interrupt signals from 9 to 16 and 23 to 26 .
Assembly:

- 4 bistable solenoid valves (not interruptible because before the module)
- 1 intermediate electro-pneumatic shut-off module, 8 signals M12 with conduit 12/14 open
- 2 monostable solenoid valves (interruptible)
- 6 bistable solenoid valves (the first three are interruptible, the others are managed directly by the corresponding command signal)
- 1 intermediate electro-pneumatic shut-off module, 4 signals M8 with conduit 12/14 closed
-8 bistable solenoid valves (the first two are interruptible, the others are managed directly by the corresponding command signal)


Key
S.V. electrically managed by the shut-off module:
S.V. pneumatically managed $(12 / 14)$ by the shut-off module:

Intermediate inlet/Exhaust module with external pilot

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $3 \ldots 7$ (piloting 12/14) |

Coding: 22E0.(1)
MODULE
(M) $10=12-14$ open

11 = 12-14 closed


Weight 111 g
22E0.10


Weight 111 g
22E0.11

Coding: SPLR.D
Diaphragm plug
Coding: 2230.17

| TUBEDIAMETER |
| :--- | :--- |

(D) $6=6 \mathrm{~mm}$
$10=10 \mathrm{~mm}$


Tie-rod M3
Coding: 2240.KD. 00


DIN rail adapter
Coding: 22E0.P1


Offset compensation plate


[^0]
## Series 2500 Optyma-F EVO



## 2500 SERIES Optyma-F EVO SOLENOID VALVES MANIFOLD

- Increased flexibility
- Digital and analogue I/O modules
- Manufactured in technopolymer
- Wide range of communication protocols


## CANopen



## 

 Tintiti© IO-Link

## EtherCAT. ${ }^{\boldsymbol{*}}$

Etheri'et/IP

## WE SPEAK EVO

The Optyma-F series becomes EVO and interfaces with the new PX series modular electronic system while still retaining all of its technical advantages. This is enriched with new features that further extend the flexibility of the product:

- Flow rate of $1000 \mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min}$
- Quick assembly using rotating pins
- Operating using different pressures and vacuum


## CC-Línk IE Field <br> Basic

## Construction characteristics

| Body | Technopolymer |
| :--- | :---: |
| Seals | NBR |
| Hydraulic piston seals | NBR |
| Springs | Stainless Steel |
| Operators | Technopolymer |
| Pistons | Technopolymer |
| Spools | Technopolymer |

## Technical characteristics

| Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Pilot consumption | $1,3 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| Pilot working pressure (12-14) | from 3 up to 7 bar max. |
| Valve working pressure [1] | from vacuum to 10 bar max. |
| Operating temperature | from $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Protection degree | IP65 |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |

## Rules and configuration scheme



## Configurable on Cadenas platform

## $\bigcirc$ CADENAS

## Note:

When composing the configuration, always bear in mind that the maximum number of electrical signals available is:

- 32 if a 37-pole multi-pin module, a serial node or IO-Link interface are used
- 24 if a 25 -pole multi-pin module is used.

If a monostable valve is used on a bistable type base (2 electrical signals occupied), an electrical signal is lost.
However, this makes it possible to replace the monostable valve with a bistable valve in the same position.
Diaphragm plugs are used to interrupt ports 1, 3 and 5 of the sub-base.
If it is necessary to interrupt more than one port at the same time, put the letters that identify their position in sequence
(e.g.: if it is necessary to intercept the ports 3 and 5 you must put the letters YZ).

If one or more ports must be interrupted more than once, the addition of the intermediate supply/discharge module is necessary.

## Electronic components configurator in technopolymer



Repeating numbers of the module
Indicate the number of repeats of the same module
Indicate the number of repeat
(no value for a single module)

Inputs module - Analog / Digital (EXCLUDED WITH MP)
D8 8 M8 digital inputs module

D3 32 digital inputs SUB-D 37 poles

2 analogue inputs $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ module (voltage signal)
T3 4 analogue inputs $0-5 \mathrm{~V}$ module (voltage signal)

C1 2 analogue inputs $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ module (current signal)
C2 2 analogue inputs $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ module (current signal)

C4 4 analogue inputs $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ module (current signal)

2 Pt100 3 wires inputs module
2 Pt100 4 wires inputs module

4 Pt100 3 wires inputs module
utputs module - Analog / Digita

| M8 | 8 M8 digital outputs module |
| :--- | :--- |
| M12 | 8 M12 |

M3 32 digital outputs SUB-D 37 poles
V1 2 analogue outputs 0-5V module (voltage signal)

V4 4 analogue outputs $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ module (voltage signal)

L3 4 analogue outputs $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ module (current signal)

L4 4 analogue outputs 4-20mA module (current signa)

P12 M12 additional power supply module

Refer to the current limits indicated in the pages relating to the nodes / IO-Link interface

## Solenoid valves manifold

Series 2500 Optyma-F EVO-Configurator

## Modules configurator

Base module configurator with Solenoid valve

Accessory module configurator


Intermediate inlet/Exhaust module
W Separated power supply and exhaust

| Intermediate electropneumatic shut-off module |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U | Separated power supply and <br> exhaust | 2 | 2 positions |
|  |  | 4 | 4 positions |
|  | 6 | 6 positions |  |
|  | Separated power supply, <br> exhaust and 12/14 piloting | 2 | 2 positions |
|  |  | 4 positions |  |
|  |  | 6 positions |  |
|  | 8 | 8 positions |  |

Intermediate electropneumatic shut-off module 2 positions


## Configuration example of complete group:

- Technopolymer PX3 serial system (P-A4-M12-M8-P4)
- Left endplates - External feeding (E)
- Bistable base with (F2) Solenoid valve
- Bistable base with (C2) Solenoid valve
- Monostable base with (A1) Solenoid valve
- Bistable base with (E2) Solenoid valve
- Bistable base with (C2) Solenoid valve
- Monostable base with (B1) Solenoid valve
- Right endplates closed (U0)



## DIN rail mounting support plate



$\triangle$
Attention: This must be included when creating the manifold configuration. Exclude the offset compensation plate.

## Offset compensation plate



1
Attention: This accessory is supplied on the manifold unless otherwise stated. This is not compatible for DIN rail mounting.

## DIN rail fixing



Multi-pin version


## Supply ports and maximum possible size according to valves used

Serial system node version


## Manual override actuation

## Instable function:

Push to actuate
(when released it moves back to the original position)

## Bistable function:

Push and turn to get the bistable function



Note: we recommend the manual override is returned to it's original position when not in use

## Solenoid valves installation



Note: Torque moment 1 Nm

## Sub-base assembly



Solenoid-Spring

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) |  |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $3 \ldots 7$ |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1$ (NI/min) | $-5 \ldots+50$ |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 1000 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 14 |

Coding: 2531.52.00.39.V
VOLTAGE
(v)
$02=24 \mathrm{VDC}$ PNP
$12=24 \mathrm{VDCNPN}$
$05=24$ VAC
SHORT FUNCTION CODE "A"
Weight 123 g



Solenoid-Differential

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) |  |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $3 \ldots 7$ |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 1000 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 20 |

Coding: 2531.52.00.36.V
(v) $02=24$ VDC PNP
$12=24$ VDC NPN
$05=24$ VAC
SHORT FUNCTION CODE "B"
Weight 120 g


Solenoid-Solenoid

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | $3 \ldots 7$ |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1000 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238 , activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 10 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 14 |

Coding: 2531.52.00.35.V

| $\vee$ | VOLTAGE |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $02=24 \mathrm{VDCPNP}$ |
|  | $12=24 \mathrm{VDCNPN}$ |
|  | $05=24 \mathrm{VAC}$ |

SHORTFUNCTION CODE "C"
Weight 128 g


| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) |  |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $2,5 \ldots 7$ |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238 , activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 600 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238 , deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 15 |

VOLTAGE
0 $02=24 \mathrm{VDC}$ PN
$12=24 \mathrm{VDCNPN}$ $05=24 \mathrm{VAC}$

SHORT FUNCTION CODE "E"
Weight 126 g


Solenoid-Solenoid 2x3/2

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure $(\mathrm{bar})$ | From vacuum to 10 |
| Pilot pressure $(\mathrm{bar})$ | $\geq 3+(0,2 \times$ Inlet pressure $)$ |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 700 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 15 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 25 |

[^1]

Coding: 2531.62.©.35.V

> | FUNCTION |
| :--- |
| $44=$ NC-NC (5/3 Open centres) | $45=$ NC-NO (normally closed-

F
normally open)
54 = NO-NC (normally opennormally closed) 55 = NO-NO (5/3 Pressured centres)

- 0 $02=24 \mathrm{VDC}$ PNP $12=24$ VDC NPN $05=24 \mathrm{VAC}$
SHORT FUNCTION CODE:
SHORT (5/3Open centres)="F"
NC-NC (5/3 Open centres) $=$ "F"
N.O. - N.O. ( $5 / 3$ Pressured centres) $=" G "$
N.O. - N.O.
N.C.-N.O. $=" H " 10$
N.C.-N.O. $=" \mathrm{H}$
N.O.-N.C. $=1 "$

Weight $115,5 \mathrm{~g}$





Left Endplate

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 (external feeding) |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | $3 \ldots 7$ (selffeeding) |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $3 \ldots 7$ (external feeding) |

12/14 SEPARATED FROM PORT 1 Weight 206 g

25E0.02.F


12/14CONNECTEDTOPORT 1
Weight 206 g
25E0.12.F

Coding: 25E0.V.F
VERSION
(v)

02 = External feeding
12 = Self-feeding

.14


คค


Right Endplate

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## Working pressure (bar)

Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


PORT $82 / 84$ = DO NOT PRESSURIZE, SOLENOID PILOTS EXHAUST
Weight $181,5 \mathrm{~g}$
2530.03 .00


Modular base Coding: 2530.01V


Fluid
Working pressure (bar)
Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Technical characteristics
From vacuum to 10
$-5 \ldots+50$


Closing plate

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |



Intermediate inlet/Exhaust module with external pilot

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) |  |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $3 \ldots 7$ |



SHORT CODE "K"
Weight 162 g


Intermediate electro-pneumatic shut-off module 2/4/6/8 positions

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $3 \ldots 7$ (piloting $12 / 14$ ) |
| Feeding | $-5 \ldots+50$ |
| Protection | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
| Maximum load | Inverted polarity protection |
| Indicators | 100 mA |
| Series modules maximum number | +24 VDC presence LED |


| (1) | MODULE |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 10 = Supply and exhaust |
|  | 11 = Supply and exhaust with separate pilot |
| (1) | SHUT-OFF |
|  | $2 \mathrm{~A}=2$ Signals |
|  | $4 \mathrm{~A}=4$ Signals |
|  | $6 \mathrm{~A}=6$ Signals |
|  | $8 \mathrm{~A}=8$ Signals |



Weight 163 g
2530.11. 1

## WORKING PRINCIPLE / SIMPLIFIED FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM

Intermediate electro-pneumatic shut-off module allows you to interrupt at the same time the first $2,4,6$ or 8 available command signals for the valves after the module itself.
When the shut-off module is present, the controlled output logic signal values are equal to the input logic signal values which came from the serial node or the multi-pin module.
If the supply input signal is absent, the controlled output logic signal values are all equal to zero. This module is particularly useful when control signals are used to block the valves; it is also effective both with serial management and multi-pin connection of the manifolds.
It is possible to use more modules to interrupt every command signals simply by inserting them before the signals to be interrupted.


| PIN 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| IN 1 | OUT 1 |
| IN 2 | OUT 2 |
| IN 3 | OUT 3 |
| IN 4 | OUT 4 |
| IN 5 | OUT 5 |
| IN 6 | OUT 6 |
| IN 7 | OUT 7 |
| IN 8 | OUT 8 |
| IN ... | OUT ... |
| IN 32 | OUT 32 |



| PIN 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IN 1 |  | OUT 1 |
| IN 2 | $\square^{-0} 0$ | OUT 2 |
| IN 3 | $\bigcirc 0$ | OUT 3 |
| IN 4 | $\bigcirc 0$ | OUT 4 |
| IN 5 |  | OUT 5 |
| IN 6 |  | OUT 6 |
| IN 7 |  | OUT 7 |
| IN 8 |  | OUT 8 |
| IN ... |  | OUT... |
| IN 32 |  | OUT 32 |



| PIN 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IN 1 | $0-0$ | OUT 1 |
| IN 2 | $\square^{-2}$ | OUT 2 |
| IN 3 | $\square^{-} 0$ | OUT 3 |
| IN 4 | ${ }^{-2} 0$ | OUT 4 |
| IN 5 | $\square^{-1} 0$ | OUT 5 |
| IN 6 | $-2$ | OUT 6 |
| IN 7 | $\bigcirc$ | OUT 7 |
| IN 8 | $\cdots{ }^{-}$ | OUT 8 |
| IN ... |  | OUT ... |
| IN 32 |  | OUT 32 |

## Solenoid valves manifold

## Series 2500 Optyma-F EVO

## Usage examples

## EXAMPLE 1

Manifold of 12 monostable solenoid valves on which you want to interrupt signals 7-8.
Assembly:

- 6 monostable solenoid valves (not interruptible because before the module)
- 1 additional power supply module
- 6 monostable solenoid valves

Note: the first 2 of these 6 monostable solenoid valves are interruptible by the module, while the following 4 will work correctly managed directly by the corresponding command signals.


## EXAMPLE 2

Manifold of 12 monostable solenoid valves on which you want to interrupt signals 7-8-9.
Assembly:

- 6 monostable solenoid valves (not interruptible because before the module)
- 1 additional power supply module
- 3 monostable solenoid valves (interruptible)
- 1 closing plate mounted on a monostable base
- 3 monostable solenoid valves (work correctly managed directly by the corresponding command signals)



## EXAMPLE 3

Manifold of 7 monostable and 3 bistable solenoid valves in which you want to interrupt signals 2-3-4-5 and 8-9-10-11.
Assembly:

- 1 monostable solenoid valve (not interruptible because before the module)
- 1 additional electro-pneumatic shut-off module
- 6 monostable solenoid valves

Note: the first 4 of these 6 monostable solenoid valves are interruptible by the module, while the following 2 will work correctly managed directly by the corresponding command signals.
Note no. 2: The pilots of the 6 solenoid valves downstream of the intermediate electro-pneumatic shut-off module are pneumatically powered by the module itself.

- 1 additional electro-pneumatic shut-off module
- 3 bistable solenoid valves

Note no. 3: the first 2 of these 3 bistable solenoid valves are interruptible by the module, while the following will work correctly and are man-
aged directly by the corresponding command signals.
Note no. 4: The pilots of the 3 solenoid valves downstream of the intermediate electro-pneumatic shut-off module are pneumatically powered by the module itself.


Key
S.V. electrically managed by the shut-off module:
S.V. pneumatically managed (12/14) by the shut-off module:


Weight 116 g

DIN rail adapter


Weight 12 g
Polyethylene Silencer Series SPL-P
Coding: SPLP.D
TUBE DIAMETER
(1) $18=1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$
(1) $14=1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$
$38=3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$

Diaphragm plug

## Solenoid valves manifold

Series 2500 Optyma-T EVO

## Series 2500 Optyma-T EVO



2500 SERIES Optyma-T EVO SOLENOID VALVES MANIFOLD

- Increased flexibility
- Digital and analogue I/O modules
- Manufactured in technopolymer
- Wide range of communication protocols


## CANopen

## PRPF! ${ }^{\circ}$ TBDE

## WE SPEAK EVO

The Optyma-T series becomes EVO and interfaces with the new PX series modular electronic system while still retaining all of its technical advantages. This is enriched with new features that further extend the flexibility of the product:

- Flow rate of $750 \mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min}$
- Assembly with tie rods kit
- Operating using different pressures and vacuum
- Electro-pneumatic shut-off module

Etherivet/IP
© IO-Link

## CC-Línk IE Field

## Construction characteristics

| Body | Technopolymer |
| :--- | :---: |
| Seals | NBR |
| Hydraulic piston seals | NBR |
| Springs | Stainless Steel |
| Operators | Technopolymer |
| Pistons | Technopolymer |
| Spools | Technopolymer |

## Technical characteristics

| Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Pilot consumption | $1,3 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| Pilot working pressure (12-14) | from 3 up to 7 bar max. |
| Valve working pressure [1] | from vacuum to 10 bar max. |
| Operating temperature | from $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Protection degree | IP65 |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |

Rules and configuration scheme


## Configurable on Cadenas platform

## O CADENAS

## Note:

When composing the configuration, always bear in mind that the maximum number of electrical signals available is:

- 32 if a 37 -pole multi-pin module, a serial node or IO-Link interface are used.
- 24 if a 25 -pole multi-pin module is used.

If a monostable valve is used on a bistable type base (2 electrical signals occupied), an electrical signal is lost.
However, this makes it possible to replace the monostable valve with a bistable valve in the same position.
Diaphragm plugs are used to interrupt ports 1,3 and 5 of the sub-base.
If it is necessary to interrupt more than one port at the same time, put the letters that identify their position in sequence
(e.g.: if it is necessary to intercept the ports 3 and 5 you must put the letters YZ).

If one or more ports must be interrupted more than once, the addition of the intermediate supply/discharge module is necessary.

## Solenoid valves manifold

Series 2500 Optyma-T EVO - Configurator

## Electronic components configurator in technopolymer



Refer to the current limits indicated in the pages relating to the nodes / IO-Link interface

## Modules configurator

Base module configurator with Solenoid valve


Accessory module configurator


## Configuration example of single module:

Bistable base, $5 / 2$ Solenoid-Solenoid valve
Intermediate electropneumatic shut-off module 2 positions


## Configuration example of complete group:

- Technopolymer PX3 serial system (P-N4-D8-M8-C1)
- Left endplates - External feeding (E)
- Bistable base with (F6) Solenoid valve
- Monostable base with (B3) Solenoid valve
- Bistable base with (E6) Solenoid valve
- Monostable base with (A5) Solenoid valve
- Monostable base with (A3) Solenoid valve
- Monostable base with (B1) Solenoid valve
- Bistable base with (C4) Solenoid valve
- Monostable base with (B3) Solenoid valve
- Right endplates closed (U0)




## Supply ports and maximum possible size according to valves used



Multi-pin version


## Manual override actuation

## Instable function:

Push to actuate
(when released it moves back to the original position)

Bistable function:
Push and turn to get the bistable function


Note: we recommend the manual override is returned to it's original position when not in use

## Solenoid valves installation



Note: Torque moment 1 Nm

## Sub-base assembly




|  | VOLTAGE |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $02=24 \mathrm{VDC}$ PNP |
| $12=24 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{NPN}$ |  |
|  | $05=24 \mathrm{VAC}$ |

SHORT FUNCTION CODE "A" Weight 129 g


Solenoid-Solenoid

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | $3 \ldots 7$ |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 750 |
| Response time according to ISO 12238 , activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 10 |
| Response time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 14 |

Coding: 2541.52.00.35.V


SHORT FUNCTION CODE "C"
Weight 134 g


Solenoid-Solenoid 5/3

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | 2,5 ... 7 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1$ ( $\mathrm{N} / / \mathrm{min}$ ) | 600 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms) | 15 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms) | 20 |

Coding: 2541.53.31.35.V
VOLTAGE
$02=24 \mathrm{VDC} \operatorname{PNP}$
$12=24$ VDC NPN
$05=24 \mathrm{VAC}$
SHORT FUNCTION CODE"E"
Weight 132 g


Solenoid-Solenoid 2x3/2

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Pilot pressure (bar) | $\geq 3+(0,2 \times$ nnlet pressure) |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 700 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 15 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 25 |

Example: If inlet pressure is set at 5 bar then pilot pressure must be at least $\mathrm{Pp}=2,5+(0,2 * 5)=3,5 \mathrm{bar}$



Coding: 2541.62.F.35.V

| F | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 44 = NC-NC (5/3 Open centres) |
|  | $45=$ NC-NO (normally closednormally open) |
|  | $54=$ NO-NC (normally opennormally closed) |
|  | 55 = NO-NO (5/3 Pressured centres) |
| (v) | VOLTAGE |
|  | $02=24 \mathrm{VDCPNP}$ |
|  | $12=24 \mathrm{VDCNPN}$ |
|  | $05=24 \mathrm{VAC}$ |
| Weig | t 122 g |







Left Endplate


## 12/14 SEPARATED FROM PORT 1

Weight 300 g
25E0.02.T


Coding: 2540.03.©
C ELECTRICALCONNECTION
00 = Electrical connection
12/14 CONNECTED TO PORT 1
Weight 300 g
25E0.12.T


Right Endplate

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |



PORT 82/84 = DO NOT PRESSURIZE, SOLENOID PILOTS EXHAUST
Weight 274 g
2540.03. $\mathbf{C}$

## Modular base



Weight $96,5 \mathrm{~g}$


| Technical characteristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
|  | From vacuum to 10 |
|  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

Coding: 254C.01V

Closing plate
Coding: 2530.00

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5 \ldots+50$ |


Intermediate Inlet/Exhaust module

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) |  |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | From vacuum to 10 |

SHORT CODE "K"
Weight 173 g


Intermediate electro-pneumatic shut-off module 2/4/6/8 positions

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $3 \ldots 7$ (piloting $12 / 14$ ) |
| Feeding | $-5 \ldots+50$ |
| Protection | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
| Maximum load | Inverted polarity protection |
| Indicators | 100 mA |
| Series modules maximum number | +24 VDC presence LED |

Coding: 2540.(1.T

| (1) | MODULE |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 10 = Supply and exhaust |
|  | 11 = Supply and exhaust with separate pilot |
| (1) | SHUT-OFF |
|  | $2 \mathrm{~A}=2$ Signals |
|  | $4 \mathrm{~A}=4$ Signals |
|  | $6 A=6$ Signals |
|  | $8 \mathrm{~A}=8$ Signals |


2540.11.

## WORKING PRINCIPLE / SIMPLIFIED FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM

Intermediate electro-pneumatic shut-off module allows you to interrupt at the same time the first $2,4,6$ or 8 available command signals for the valves after the module itself.
When the shut-off module is present, the controlled output logic signal values are equal to the input logic signal values which came from the serial node or the multi-pin module.
If the supply input signal is absent, the controlled output logic signal values are all equal to zero. This module is particularly useful when control signals are used to block the valves; it is also effective both with serial management and multi-pin connection of the manifolds.
It is possible to use more modules to interrupt every command signals simply by inserting them before the signals to be interrupted.



| PIN 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| IN 1 | OUT 1 |
| IN 2 | OUT 2 |
| IN 3 | OUT 3 |
| IN 4 | OUT 4 |
| IN 5 | OUT 5 |
| IN 6 | OUT 6 |
| IN 7 | OUT 7 |
| IN 8 | OUT 8 |
| IN... | OUT ... |
| IN 32 | OUT 32 |



| PIN 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| IN 1 |  | OUT 1 |
| IN 2 | $0^{-1} 0$ | OUT 2 |
| IN 3 | ${ }^{-} 0$ | OUT 3 |
| IN 4 | ${ }^{-2} 0$ | OUT 4 |
| IN 5 | $0^{-} 0$ | OUT 5 |
| IN 6 | $\square^{-1} 0$ | OUT 6 |
| IN 7 | $0^{-1}$ | OUT 7 |
| IN 8 | $\bigcirc{ }^{-1}$ | OUT 8 |
| IN |  | OUT. |
| IN 32 |  | OUT 32 |

## Usage examples

EXAMPLE 1
Manifold of 12 monostable solenoid valves on which you want to interrupt signals 7-8.
Assembly:

- 6 monostable solenoid valves (not interruptible because before the module)
- 1 additional power supply module
- 6 monostable solenoid valves

Note: the first 2 of these 6 monostable solenoid valves are interruptible by the module, while the following 4 will work correctly managed directly by the corresponding command signals.


## EXAMPLE 2

Manifold of 12 monostable solenoid valves on which you want to interrupt signals 7-8-9.
Assembly:

- 6 monostable solenoid valves (not interruptible because before the module)
- 1 additional power supply module
- 3 monostable solenoid valves (interruptible)
- 1 closing plate mounted on a monostable base
- 3 monostable solenoid valves (work correctly managed directly by the corresponding command signals)



## EXAMPLE 3

Manifold of 7 monostable and 3 bistable solenoid valves in which you want to interrupt signals 2-3-4-5 and 8-9-10-11.
Assembly:

- 1 monostable solenoid valve (not interruptible because before the module)
- 1 additional electro-pneumatic shut-off module
- 6 monostable solenoid valves

Note: the first 4 of these 6 monostable solenoid valves are interruptible by the module, while the following 2 will work correctly managed directly by the corresponding command signals.
Note no. 2: The pilots of the 6 solenoid valves downstream of the intermediate electro-pneumatic shut-off module are pneumatically powered by the module itself.

- 1 additional electro-pneumatic shut-off module
- 3 bistable solenoid valves

Note no. 3: the first 2 of these 3 bistable solenoid valves are interruptible by the module, while the following will work correctly and are managed directly by the corresponding command signals.
Note no. 4: The pilots of the 3 solenoid valves downstream of the intermediate electro-pneumatic shut-off module are pneumatically powered by the module itself.


## Key

S.V. electrically managed by the shut-off module:
S.V. pneumatically managed (12/14) by the shut-off module:



Extension (1 Position)
Coding: 2540.KP. 01
The Kit includes 2 pieces Weight $3,5 \mathrm{~g}$


Tie-rod M4

| P | NO. POSITIONS |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $01=$ Nr. 1 Position |
|  | $02=$ Nr. 2 Positions |
|  | $03=$ Nr. 3 positions |
|  | $04=$ Nr. 4 Positions |
|  | $05=$ Nr. 5 positions |
|  | $06=\mathrm{Nr} .6$ Positions |
|  | $07=$ Nr. 7 positions |
|  | $08=$ Nr. 8 Positions |
|  | $09=$ Nr. 9 positions |
|  | $10=\mathrm{Nr} .10$ Positions |
|  | $11=\mathrm{Nr} .11$ positions |
|  | $12=$ Nr. 12 Positions |
|  | $13=\mathrm{Nr} .13$ positions |
|  | $14=\mathrm{Nr} .14$ Positions |
|  | ... |
|  | $32=$ Nr. 32 Positions |



## Series 2700 EVO



## 2700 SERIES EVO SOLENOID VALVES MANIFOLD

- Increased flexibility
- Digital and analogue I/O modules
- Manufactured according to ISO 15407-2
- Wide range of communication protocols


## CANopen



PRPR ${ }^{\circ}$
© IO-Link

## WE SPEAK EVO

The 2700 series becomes EVO and interfaces with the new PX series modular electronic system while still retaining all of its technical advantages. This is enriched with new features that further extend the flexibility of the product:

- Size 26 mm with nominal flow rate up to 1000 NI/min
- Compliant to directive 2014/30/UE
- Monitored solenoid valves
- Vertical configuration


## CC-Línk IE Field

## Construction characteristics

| Body | Die-cast aluminium |
| :--- | :---: |
| Springs | Stainless Steel |
| Operators | Technopolymer |
| Pistons | Technopolymer |
| Spools | Aluminium |

## Technical characteristics

| Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \pm 10 \%$ PNP |
| :--- | :---: |
| Pilot consumption | $1 \mathrm{~W}-2.3 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| Valve working pressure [1] | from vacuum to 10 bar max. |
| Operating temperature | from $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Protection degree | IP65 |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous |
|  | Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |

Rules and configuration scheme


## Configurable on Cadenas platform

## O CADENAS

## Note:

When composing the configuration, always bear in mind that the maximum number of electrical signals available is:

- 32 if a 37-pole multi-pin module is used, if a node or IO-Link interface is used.
- 24 if a 25 -pole multi-pin module is used.

If a monostable valve is used on a bistable type base (2 electrical signals occupied), an electrical signal is lost.
However, this makes it possible to replace the monostable valve with a bistable valve in the same position.
Use bases with dedicated closed ports to interrupt ducts 1,3 and 5.
If one or more ports must be interrupted more than once, the addition of the intermediate supply/discharge module is necessary.

## Electronic components configurator in technopolymer



Refer to the current limits indicated in the pages relating to the nodes / IO-Link interface

## Modules configurator:

1) Complete module configurator

| Solenoid valve for progressive start |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EP | M8 <br> M12 | Proximity M8x1 <br> Proximity M12x1 | 01 02 08 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 12 \text { V DC } \\ & 24 \text { V DC } \\ & 24 \text { V DC 1W } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | W | 5-1-3 closed | 4 | 14 closed | M | Standard Machinery directive |



## Configuration example of single module:

Signal pass-through base, ports 5-1-3 open, ports 14-12 open with monitored S.V. internal supply, M12 connector, 24 V DC is identified as:


## Configuration example of complete group:

- Technopolymer PX3 serial system (P-C3-2M8-D12)
- Left endplate with interface (TS30P)
- Bistable base with S.V. 5/3 CC Sol-Sol (BB.EE12)
- Bistable base with S.V. 2X3/2 NC-NC (BB.FE12)
- Bistable base with S.V. 5/2 Sol-Sol (BB.CE12)
- Bistable base with S.V. 2X3/2 NC-NC (BB.FE12)
- $\mathrm{N}^{\circ} 2$ bistable bases with S.V. 5/2 Sol-Sol (2BB.CE12)
- Right endplate with open ports 1-3-5 (TD00)


V27-P-C3-2M8-D12-TS30P-BB.EE12-BB.FE12-BB.CE12-BB.FE12-2BB.CE12-TD00

Solenoid valve description


## DIN rail mounting support plate



Attention: This must be included when creating the manifold configuration. Exclude the offset compensation plate.

From the top

NOILกgIપ્d_SIO Yit


Attention: The overall dimensions shown refer to the modular (valve) sub-bases, and may differ when manifold accessories are included.

DIN rail fixing


Supply ports and maximum possible size according to valves used


Attention: The overall dimensions shown refer to the modular (valve) sub-bases, and may differ when manifold accessories are included.

## Manual override actuation

## Instable function:

Push to actuate
(when released it moves back to the original position)


## Offset compensation plate



Attention: This accessory is supplied on the manifold unless otherwise stated. This is not compatible for DIN rail mounting.

## Sub-base assembly



Note: Torque moment 4 Nm
Attention: Ensure the washer is mounted on the screw before tightening

1. Assemble the desired modules and tighten the fixing screws as shown in the figure below.

2. Complete the assembly with the 3100.KT. 00 left endplate kit.

3. To lock: rotate anticlockwise (in the direction of the LOCK print on the case). To unlock: rotate clockwise (in the direction of the UNLOCK print on the case). The same procedure shall be used to add or remove any module.


Modules assembled for vertical configuration


Modules for vertical configuration are as follows:

- Single external supply module
- Flow regulator module
- Shut-off and exhaust module
- Pressure regulator

Attention: The flow rate of the solenoid valve will be reduced compared to that shown in the general catalogue

Solenoid-Spring 5/2

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous <br> Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 (external feeding version) <br> $2 \ldots 10$ (selffeeding version) |
| Minimum pilot pressure (bar) | 2 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-10 \ldots+50$ |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1000 |
| Responce time according to SO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 20 |
| Responce time according to SO 12238 , deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 38 |

Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms)

Coding: 27APT
PILOTING
(P) A = Selffeeding E $=$ External feeding
VOLTAGE
(1) $12=24 \mathrm{VDC}$
$18=24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \mathrm{~W}$
Weight 309 g


The "Activations time" values, are valid only for the 24 VDC $2,3 W$ versions


Solenoid-Differential 5/2

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous <br> Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 (external feeding version) <br> $2 \ldots .10$ (self feeding version) |
| Minimum pilot pressure (bar) | 2 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-10 \ldots+50$ |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1000 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 20 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238 , deactivationtime $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 38 |



The "Activations time" values, are valid only for the 24 V DC $2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ versions
 $10 \%$



## Coding: 27BPT

(P) PILOTING
(P) A=Selffeeding $\mathbf{E}=$ External feeding
VOLTAGE
(1) $12=24 \mathrm{VDC}$
$18=24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \mathrm{~W}$
Weight 274 g


Solenoid-Solenoid 5/2

| Fluid |
| :--- | :--- |
| Working pressure (bar) |
| Minimum pilot pressure (bar) |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\triangle \mathrm{p}=1$ ( $\mathrm{N} / / \mathrm{min}$ ) |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time ( m ) |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238 , deactivation time |

The "Activations time" values, are valid only for the 24 V DC $2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ versions

Technical characteristics

## Coding: 27CPT



Weight 309 g

Solenoid-Solenoid 5/3

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 (external feeding version) 3 ... 10 (self feeding version) |
| Minimum pilot pressure (bar) | 3 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-10 \ldots+50$ |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$ | 660 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms) | 12 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms) | 60 |

Coding: 27EPT

## PILOTNG

(P) A = Selffeeding $\mathbf{E}=$ External feeding
VOLTAGE
(1) $12=24 \mathrm{VDC}$
$18=24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \mathrm{~W}$

## Weight 309 g



Solenoid-Solenoid $5 / 3$ with auto-retaining function

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous <br> Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 (external feeding version) <br> $3 \ldots . .10$ (self feeding version) |
| Minimum pilot pressure (bar) | 3 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-10 \ldots .50$ |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 700 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238 , activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 15 |
| Responce time according to SO 12238 , deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 80 |

Maintains the valve state without an electric or pneumatic signal after the activation of L 14 (self-retention).
Valve state changes by activating L12.
Mechanical spring return.


The "Activations time" values, are valid only for the $24 \mathrm{VDC} 2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ versions







| Technical characteristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 (external feeding version) 3,5 ... 10 (self feeding version) |
| Minimum pilot pressure (bar) | $\geq 2+(0.3 \times$ Inlet pressure) |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -10 ... +50 |
| Flow rate at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$ | 550 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms) | 12 (external feeding version) |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms) | 60 (external feeding version) 15 (selffeeding version) |

FUNCTION
F = NC-NC (5/3 Open centres)
(F) $\mathbf{G}=$ NO-NO (5/3 Pressured centres) $\mathrm{H}=\mathrm{NC}-\mathrm{NO}$ I = NO-NC
PILOTING
(P) A = Selffeeding

E = External feeding
VOLTAGE
(1) $12=24 \mathrm{VDC}$
$18=24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \mathrm{~W}$


The "Activations time" values, are valid only for the $24 \mathrm{VDC} 2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ versions Example: If inlet pressure is set at 5 bar then pilot pressure must be at least $\mathrm{Pp}=2+(0,3 * 5)=3,5$ bar

$\underset{14}{+5}$
$\stackrel{\square}{7+} \sim_{T}$

果皖 $71 / 4$




Solenoid-Spring monitored (VS)

## Coding: 27VSPOT

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms) | 70 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms) | 15 |
| Flow rate from 1 to 2 at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1000 |
| Flow rate from 1 to 4 at 6 bar with $\Delta p=1(\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1000 |
| Flow rate from 2 to 3 at 6 bar with $\Delta p=1(\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1000 |
| Flow rate from 4 to 5 at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1$ ( $\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min}$ ) | 1000 |
| Flow rate from 2 to 3 at 6 bar with free exhaust (NI/min) | 1700 |
| Flow rate from 4 to 5 at 6 bar with free exhaust ( $\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min}$ ) | 1700 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -10... +50 |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 (external feeding version) <br> 2 ... 10 (selffeeding version) |
| Minimum pilot pressure (bar) | 2 |
| Function | 5/2 N.C. Monostable |
| Noise level (dB) | 75 |


|  | Plotime |
| :---: | :---: |
| - | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Sestitesing |
| - | ${ }^{\text {Sensor }}$ |
|  |  |
|  | OLTEGE |
| - |  |

-Monostable with mechanical spring return and proximity sensor
-Safety component according to annex V of 2006/42/EC directive
-Diagnostic system that monitors the state of the valve:
Sensor ON: Valve at rest
Sensor OFF: Valve activated


The "Activations time" values, are valid only for the 24 V DC 2,3W versions
Note: Overall noise level depends on the final application of the device
Note: The noise level indicated on the table is obtained without using silencers


Pin $1=$ Brown - Pin $4=$ Black - Pin 3 $=$ Blue

| Electrical characteristics: Electropilot | Electrical characteristics: Proximity sensor |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Electropilot Series 300 Size 15 mm | Type | Single channel | Single channel |
| Electrical connection ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Earth Faston/ Series 300 connectors | Thread | M8X1 | M12X1 |
| Solenoid coils features 24VDC2.3 W | Electrical design | PNP | PNP |
| S $24 \mathrm{VDC1W}$ | Output function | N.O. | N.O. |
| Supply voltage tolerance | Operating voltage | 10...30 VDC | 10...30 VDC |
| Manual override Integrated | Current consumption (mA) | <20 | $<20$ |
| Protection degree $\quad$ IP65 (with mounted connector) | Isolating class | III | III |
| Note: Refer to the Pneumax general catalogue for detailed information regarding the electropilot | Display | Switching status $4 \times 90^{\circ}$ Yellow LEDs | Switching status $4 \times 90^{\circ}$ Yellow LEDs |
|  | Protection degree | IP65 (with mounted connector) | IP65 (with mounted connector) |

Note: Manufacturer and model of proximity sensors could be changed at the discretion of Pneumax S.p.A.


## Note B10d:

General Procedures for assessing pneumatic component reliability by testing performed in accordance with ISO 19973-1, Pneumatic fluid power - Assessment of component reliability by testing - Part 1: General Procedures.
Reliability and lifetime of pneumatic valves assessed in accordance with ISO 19973-2: Pneumatic fluid power -Assessment of component reliability by testing - Part 2: Directional control valves.

Activities regarding the identification of the safety function, the estimation of the required reliability level (e.g. estimation of the PLr according to EN ISO 13849-1), the design and the production of the related safety circuit, its verification and validation are responsibilities of the operator who uses the device in its final application.
The choice of the category and the satisfaction of its requirements according to EN ISO 13849-1 is in charge of the end-user who integrates the device in its final application while considering the final configuration of the safety circuit.
The diagnostic coverage value guaranteed by the sensor must be calculated by the end-user in function of the final configuration of the safety circuit (e.g. in function of the PLC for safety design which controls the solenoid valve and acquires the state of the sensor).
The estimation of the diagnostic coverage must satisfy the requirements of EN ISO 13849-1.
According to EN ISO 13849-1, T10D value must be calculated by the enduser in function of the annual operation number in which the device will be subjected to; in any case, the device must be substituted every 20 years.

## Solenoid-Spring monitored redundant (V2S)

Coding: 27V2SPST

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms) | 70 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms) | 25 |
| Flow rate from 1 to 2 at 6 bar with $\Delta p=1(\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1000 |
| Flow rate from 1 to 4 at 6 bar with $\Delta p=1(\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$ | 500 |
| Flow rate from 2 to 3 at 6 bar with $\Delta p=1(\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$ | 500 |
| Flow rate from 4 to 5 at 6 bar with $\Delta p=1(\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1000 |
| Flow rate from 2 to 3 at 6 bar with free exhaust ( $\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min}$ ) | 900 |
| Flow rate from 4 to 5 at 6 bar with free exhaust ( $\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min}$ ) | 1700 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -10 ... +50 |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 (external feeding version) 2 ... 10 (self feeding version) |
| Minimum pilot pressure (bar) | 2 |
| Function | 5/2 N.C. Monostable |
| Noise level (dB) | 75 |

Noise level (dB)
75
-Double monostable with mechanical spring return and proximity sensor
-Double redundant channel which guarantees that a pneumatic circuit is safely exhausted in case of failure of one of the valves
-Safety component according to annex V of 2006/42/EC directive
-Diagnostic system that monitors the state of the valve:
Sensor ON: Valve at rest
Sensor OFF: Valve activated


Pin $1=$ Brown - Pin $4=$ Black - Pin 3 $=$ Blue

| Electrical characteristics: Electropilot |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Electropilot | Series 300 Size 15 mm |
| Electrical connection | Earth Faston / Series 300 connectors |
| Solenoid coils features | 24 VDC 2.3 W |
| 24 VDC 1 W |  |

Note: Refer to the Pneumax general catalogue for detailed information regarding the electropilot

| Safety characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standards compliancies | EN ISO 13849-1:2015 |  |
|  | ENISO 13849-2:2012 |  |
| Performed Safety Function | Interruption of supply and discharge of a pneumatic circuit connected to port 4 |  |
| Sensor feedback | Valve at REST | ON |
|  | Valve ACTIVATED | OFF |
| MTTFd Sensor | Single Channel M8 | 1088 years |
|  | Single Channel M12 | 932 years |
| Performance Level (PL) | Up to PL=e |  |
| Category | Up to 4 |  |
| B10d | 630.000 cicli (referred to a single valve) |  |

## Note B10d:

General Procedures for assessing pneumatic component reliability by testing performed in accordance with ISO 19973-1, Pneumatic fluid power - Assessment of component reliability by testing - Part 1: General Procedures.
Reliability and lifetime of pneumatic valves assessed in accordance with ISO 19973-2: Pneumatic fluid power -Assessment of component reliability by testing - Part 2: Directional control valves.

Activities regarding the identification of the safety function, the estimation of the required reliability level (e.g. estimation of the PLr according to EN ISO 13849-1), the design and the production of the related safety circuit, its verification and validation are responsibilities of the operator who uses the device in its final application.
The choice of the category and the satisfaction of its requirements according to EN ISO 13849-1 is in charge of the end-user who integrates the device in its final application while considering the final configuration of the safety circuit.
The diagnostic coverage value guaranteed by the sensor must be calculated by the end-user in function of the final configuration of the safety circuit (e.g. in function of the PLC for safety design which controls the solenoid valve and acquires the state of the sensor).
The estimation of the diagnostic coverage must satisfy the requirements of EN ISO 13849-1.
According to EN ISO 13849-1, T10D value must be calculated by the enduser in function of the annual operation number in which the device will be subjected to; in any case, the device must be substituted every 20 years.

Solenoid-Spring monitored for pilot control 14 (P)

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous <br> Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238 , deactivation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 70 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238 , activation time $(\mathrm{ms})$ | 15 |
| Flow rate from 1 to $2(14)$ at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 250 |
| Flow rate from 2(14) to 3(5) at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 250 |
| Flow rate from 2(14) to $3(5)$ at 6 bar with free exhaust $(\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{min})$ | 500 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $2 \ldots 10$ (external feeding version) |
| Working pressure (bar) | $2 \ldots 10$ (self feeding version) |

Coding: 27P®ST

| $\boldsymbol{P}$ | PILOTING |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | A = Selffeeding |
|  | E = External feeding |
| $\boldsymbol{S}$ | SENSOR |
|  | M8 $=$ M8x1 Proximity Sensor |
|  | M12 $=$ M12x1 Proximity Sensor |
| $\boldsymbol{T}$ | VOLTAGE |
|  | $\mathbf{0 2}=24$ V DC |
|  | $\mathbf{0 8}=24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \mathrm{~W}$ |

Weight 615 g
-Monostable with mechanical spring return and proximity sensor
-Control of downstream pressure in pilot channel 14
-Safety component according to annex $V$ of 2006/42/EC directive
-Diagnostic system that monitors the state of the valve:
Sensor ON: Valve at rest
Sensor OFF: Valve activated



The "Activations time" values, are valid only for the 24 V DC 2,3W versions Note: Overall noise level depends on the final application of the device


Pin $1=$ Brown - Pin $4=$ Black - Pin 3 $=$ Blue

| Electrical characteristics: Electropilot |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Electropilot | Series 300 Size 15 mm |
| Electrical connection | Earth Faston / Series 300 connectors |
| Solenoid coils features | 24 VDC 2.3 W |
| Supply voltage tolerance | 24 VDC 1 W |
| Manual override Integrated | $-5 \% \ldots 10 \%$ |
| Protection degree |  |
| Note: Refer to the Pneumax general catalogue for detailed information regarding the |  |

Note: Refer to the Pneumax general catalogue for detailed information regarding the electropilot

| Electrical characteristics: Proximity sensor |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Type | Single channel | Single channel |
| Thread | M8X1 | M12X1 |
| Electrical design | PNP | PNP |
| Output function | N.O. | N.O. |
| Operating voltage | $10 \ldots 30$ VDC | $10 \ldots 30$ VDC |
| Current consumption (mA) | $<20$ | $<20$ |
| Isolating class | III | III |
| Display | Switching status $4 \times 90^{\circ}$ Yellow <br> LEDs | Switching status 4×90 <br> LED |
| Protlow |  |  |$|$

Note: Manufacturer and model of proximity sensors could be changed at the discretion of Pneumax S.p.A.


## Note B10d:

General Procedures for assessing pneumatic
component reliability by testing performed in accordance with ISO 19973-1, Pneumatic fluid power - Assessment of component reliability by testing - Part 1: General Procedures.
Reliability and lifetime of pneumatic valves assessed in accordance with ISO 19973-2: Pneumatic fluid power - Assessment of component reliability by testing - Part 2: Directional control valves.

Activities regarding the identification of the safety function, the estimation of the required reliability level (e.g. estimation of the PLr according to EN ISO 13849-1), the design and the production of the related safety circuit, its verification and validation are responsibilities of the operator who uses the device in its final application.
The choice of the category and the satisfaction of its requirements according to EN ISO 13849-1 is in charge of the end-user who integrates the device in its final application while considering the final configuration of the safety circuit.
The diagnostic coverage value guaranteed by the sensor must be calculated by the end-user in function of the final configuration of the safety circuit (e.g. in function of the PLC for safety design which controls the solenoid valve and acquires the state of the sensor)
The estimation of the diagnostic coverage must satisfy the requirements of EN ISO 13849-1.
According to EN ISO 13849-1, T10D value must be calculated by the enduser in function of the annual operation number in which the device will be subjected to; in any case, the device must be substituted every 20 years.

## Solenoid valve for progressive start (EP)

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, deactivation time (ms) | 70 |
| Responce time according to ISO 12238, activation time (ms) | 15 |
| Flow rate from 1 to 2(1) at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1(\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min})$ | 2200 |
| Flow rate from 2(1) to 3 at 6 bar with $\Delta \mathrm{p}=1$ ( $\mathrm{Nl} / \mathrm{min}$ ) | 2000 |
| Flow rate from 2(1) to 3 at 6 bar with free exhaust (NI/min) | 4000 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-10 \ldots+50$ |
| Preset switchover pressure (bar) | $\sim 4$ |
| Working pressure (bar) | 2... 10 |
| Function | 5/2 N.C. Monostable |
| Noise level (dB) | 75 |

Coding: 27EPGTOPV

-Available version as a safety component according to annex V of 2006/42/EC directive
-Pressure zone exhaust ports 3 and 5 available
-Diagnostic system that monitors the state of the valve:
Sensor ON: Valve activated
Sensor OFF: Valve at rest


| Electrical characteristics: Electropilot |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Electropilot | Series 300 Size 15 mm |
| Electrical connection | Earth Faston / Series 300 connectors |
| Solenoid coils features | 24 VDC 2.3 W |
| Supply voltage tolerance | $-5 \% \mathrm{VDC} 1 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| Manual override Integrated | No (separated from the electropilot) |
| Protection degree | IP65 (with mounted connector) |

Note: Refer to the Pneumax general catalogue for detailed information regarding the electropilot

| Electrical characteristics: Proximity sensor |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Type | Single channel | Single channel |
| Thread | M8X1 | M12X1 |
| Electrical design | PNP | PNP |
| Output function | N.O. | N.O. |
| Operating voltage | $10 \ldots 30$ VDC | $10 \ldots 30$ VDC |
| Current consumption (mA) | $<20$ | $<20$ |
| Isolating class | III | III |
| Display | Switching status $4 \times 90^{\circ}$ Yellow <br> LEDs | Switching status $4 \times 90^{\circ}$ Yellow <br> LEDs |
| Protection degree | IP65 (with mounted connector) | IP65 (with mounted connector) |

Note: Manufacturer and model of proximity sensors could be changed at the discretion of Pneumax S.p.A.


Note B10d:
General Procedures for assessing pneumatic component reliability by testing performed in accordance with ISO 19973-1, Pneumatic fluid power - Assessment of component reliability by testing - Part 1: General Procedures.
Reliability and lifetime of pneumatic valves assessed in accordance with ISO 19973-2: Pneumatic fluid power -Assessment of component reliability by testing - Part 2: Directional control valves.

Activities regarding the identification of the safety function, the estimation of the required reliability level (e.g. estimation of the PLr according to EN ISO 13849-1), the design and the production of the related safety circuit, its verification and validation are responsibilities of the operator who uses the device in its final application.
The choice of the category and the satisfaction of its requirements according to EN ISO 13849-1 is in charge of the end-user who integrates the device in its final application while considering the final configuration of the safety circuit.
The diagnostic coverage value guaranteed by the sensor must be calculated by the end-user in function of the final configuration of the safety circuit (e.g. in function of the PLC for safety design which controls the solenoid valve and acquires the state of the sensor).
The estimation of the diagnostic coverage must satisfy the requirements of EN ISO 13849-1.
According to EN ISO 13849-1, T10D value must be calculated by the enduser in function of the annual operation number in which the device will be subjected to; in any case, the device must be substituted every 20 years.

Left Endplate
Coding: 27TS30P

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous <br> Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-10 \ldots+50$ |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Pilot pressure port 14 (bar) | $3 \ldots 7$ |



Right Endplate


Coding: 27TDC
SUPPLY AND EXHAUST PORTS $00=$ Ports 5,1 and 3 open W = Ports 5, 1 and 3 closed $\mathbf{X Y}=$ Ports $1-3$ closed
©
$\mathrm{ZX}=$ Ports $5-1$ closed $\mathbf{Z Y}=$ Ports 5 - 3 closed $\mathbf{X}=$ Port 1 closed $\mathbf{Y}=$ Port 3 closed $\mathbf{z}=$ Port 5 closed

Weight 560 g


Modular base

|  | Technical characteristics |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous <br> Recommended purity class $[5: 444$ according to ISO $8573-1: 2010$ |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-10 \ldots+50$ |
| Working pressure (bar) | $3 \ldots 10$ |

Coding: 27BVCP

| (V) | VERSION |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | M = Monostable |
|  | B = Bistable |
|  | $\mathbf{P}=$ Pass-through signal |
| C | SUPPLY AND EXHAUST PORTS |
|  | = Ports 5, 1 and 3 open |
|  | W = Ports 5, 1 and 3 closed |
|  | $\mathbf{X Y}=$ Ports 1-3 closed |
|  | $\mathbf{Z X}=$ Ports 5-1 closed |
|  | ZY = Ports 5-3 closed |
|  | $\mathbf{X}=$ Port 1 closed |
|  | $\mathbf{Y}=$ Port 3 closed |
|  | $\mathbf{Z}$ = Port 5 closed |
| (P) | PILOT PORTS |
|  | = Ports 14-12 open |
|  | 4 = Port 14 closed |
|  | 2 = Port 12 closed |

2 = Port 12 closed
(2) $\mathrm{G} 1 / 4$ "
(4) ${ }^{\mathrm{G} 1 / 4}$



Weight 298 g



Intermediate Inlet/Exhaust module

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous <br> Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-10 \ldots+50$ |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |




Free valve space plug

Coding: 27WVCP

| V | VERSION |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | U = Conveyed exhausts |
|  | S = Separated exhausts |
| 0 | SUPPLY AND EXHAUST PORTS |
|  | = Ports 5, 1 and 3 open |
|  | W = Ports 5, 1 and 3 closed |
|  | XY $=$ Ports 1-3 closed |
|  | ZX = Ports 5-1 closed |
|  | ZY = Ports 5-3 closed |
|  | $\mathbf{X}=$ Port 1 closed |
|  | $\mathbf{Y}=$ Port 3 closed |
|  | $\mathbf{Z}$ = Port 5 closed |
| P | PILOTPORTS |
|  | = Ports 14-12 open |
|  | 4 = Port 14 closed |
|  | 2 = Port 12 closed |


| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous <br> Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-10 \ldots+50$ |
| Working pressure (bar) | From vacuum to 10 |
| Pilot pressure port 14 (bar) | $3 \ldots 7$ |



Weight 70 g


Single external power supply module

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous <br> Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-10 \ldots+50$ |
| Working pressure (bar) | $2 \ldots 10$ (version 14) |

Coding: 27ASV


-Suitable module for vertical configuration -It allows to externally supply a single valve with pressure different from the manifold.


Flow regulator module

-Suitable module for vertical configuration
-It allows the flow regulation of ports 3 and 5
-Regualtion through two needles independent of each other -It is designed to control the speed of an actuator

Coding: 27RFV
$\qquad$
$35=$ Exhaust flow regulator


Shut-off and exhaust module


Weight 504 g
27VLV


Weight 550 g


$$
27 \mathrm{VLOK}
$$



[^2]Pressure regulator (compact version)

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Fluid | Filtered air. No lubrication needed, if applied it shall be continuous <br> Recommended purity class [5:4:4] according to ISO 8573-1:2010 |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-10 \ldots+50$ |
| Working pressure (bar) | $0,5 \ldots 10$ |



| R | REGULATION TYPE |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | D = Downstream |
|  | U = Upstream |
| (L) | REGULATION SIDE |
|  | 2 = Single L12 |
|  | 4 = Single L14 |
|  | 24 = Double L12-L14 |
| (G) | REGULATION RANGE |
|  | A $=0-2 \mathrm{bar}$ |
|  | B $=0-4$ bar |
|  | C $=0-8 \mathrm{bar}$ |
| O | RELIEVING OPTIONS |
|  | A = With reliving |
| C | KNOB COLOUR |
|  | V = Green (RAL6032) |
|  | G = Grey (RAL 7004) |


-Suitable module for vertical configuration
It allows the regulation of output pressure to actuators
-Actuator pressure regulation:
-with regulator upstream of the solenoid valve (faster exhaust phase of the actuator)

- with regulator downstream of the solenoid valve
-Possible installation of pressure regulators in succession (available on request)
Pressure gauges adjustable in 3 positions





## Note:

Pressure must be set upwards.
For greater accuracy and sensitivity, it is recommended using a regulator with a pressure rating as close as possible to the desired pressure.

Pressure regulator (extended version)


Weight 760 g

## 27RPRDGOOM



Coding: 27RPBDGOOV

| R | REGULATION TYPE |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | D = Downstream |
|  | U = Upstream |
| (L) | REGULATION SIDE |
|  | 2 = Single L12 |
|  | 4 = Single L14 |
|  | 24 = Double L12-L14 |
| G | REGULATION RANGE |
|  | A $=0-2 \mathrm{bar}$ |
|  | B $=0.4 \mathrm{bar}$ |
|  | C $=0-8 \mathrm{bar}$ |
| 0 | RELIEVING OPTIONS |
|  | A = With reliving |
| C | KNOB COLOUR |
|  | V = Green (RAL 6032) |
|  | G = Grey (RAL 7004) |
| V | VERSION |
|  | = Adjustable pressure gauge |
|  | $\mathbf{M}$ = Fixed pressure gauge |

-Suitable module for vertical configuration
-It allows the regulation of output pressure to actuators
-Actuator pressure regulation:
-with regulator upstream of the solenoid valve (faster exhaust phase of the actuator)
-with regulator downstream of the solenoid valve
-Possible installation of pressure regulators in succession (available on request)
-Pressure gauges adjustable in 3 positions or fixed

M = Fixed pressure gauge
$\qquad$




Note:
Pressure must be set upwards.
For greater accuracy and sensitivity, it is recommended using a regulator with a pressure rating as close as possible to the desired pressure.


DIN rail adapter


EVO Electronics


## A UNIQUE CONTROL SYSTEM, A WIDE RANGE OF SOLUTIONS

The PX Series multiserial module can be integrated into all Optyma S-F-T and 2700 series solenoid valves manifolds in EVO versions. The solenoid valves manifolds can be configured by implementing all major communication protocols on the same electronics, ensuring maximum flexibility and reliability in any application context.

| MULTI-PIN MODULE |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Optyma-S | Optyma-F | Optyma-T | Series 2700 |
| 25 poles | - | - | - | - |
| 37 poles | - | - | - | - |
| 44 poles | - |  |  |  |
| SERIAL SYSTEMS |  |  |  |  |
|  | Optyma-S | Optyma-F | Optyma-T | Series 2700 |
| CANopen ${ }^{\text {® }} 32$ bit protocol node kit | - | - | - | - |
| CANopen ${ }^{\text {® }} 48$ bit protocol node kit | - |  |  |  |
| PROFIBUS DP 32 bit protocol node kit | - | - | - | - |
| PROFIBUS DP 48 bit protocol node kit | - |  |  |  |
| EtherNet/IP protocol node kit | - | - | - | - |
| EtherCAT ${ }^{\text {® }}$ protocol node kit | - | - | - | - |
| PROFINETIO RT protocol node kit | - | - | - | - |
| CC-Link IE Field Basic protocol node kit | - | - | - | - |
| IO-Link 32 bit protocol interface kit | - | - | - | - |
| IO-Link 48 bit protocol interface kit | - |  |  |  |
| INPUTS AND OUTPUTS MODULES |  |  |  |  |
|  | Optyma-S | Optyma-F | Optyma-T | Series 2700 |
| 8 M8 \& M12 digital inputs module kits | - | - | - | - |
| 8 M8 \& M12 digital outputs module kits | - | - | - | - |
| 32 digital inputs \& outputs module kits ( 37 pin SUB-D connector) | - | - | - | - |
| Analogue inputs module kit M8 | - | - | - | - |
| Analogue outputs module kit M8 | - | - | - | - |
| Pt100 inputs module kit | - | - | - | - |
| ADDITIONAL MODULES |  |  |  |  |
|  | Optyma-S | Optyma-F | Optyma-T | Series 2700 |
| Additional power supply module kit | - | - | - | - |



Ethercat. ${ }^{\sim}$ Etheri'et/IP © IO-Link

CC-Línk IE Field Basic

Multi-pin module

| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Maximum current per module |  |  |
| Protection | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) <br> Reverse polarity |  |
|  | 300 mA |  |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
| Input data allocation | 8 bit |  |
| INPUTS +24 VDC current consumption of the module only | 5 mA |  |
| Maximum number of handled signals | 25 Poles | 24 |
|  | 37 poles | 32 |
|  | 44 Poles | 40 |

Coding: 5E30.C

| ELECTRICALCONNECTION |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 5 P}=$ Connector 25 poles PNP |  |
| $\mathbf{3 7 P}=$ Connector 37 poles PNP |  |
| $\mathbf{4 4 P}=$ Connector 44 poles PNP |  |
| $\mathbf{2 5 N}=$ Connector 25 poles NPN |  |
|  | $\mathbf{3 7 N}=$ Connector 37 poles NPN |
| $\mathbf{4 4 N}=$ Connector 44 poles NPN |  |
| $\mathbf{2 5 A}=$ Connector 25 poles AC |  |
| $\mathbf{3 7 A}=$ Connector 37 poles AC |  |
| $\mathbf{4 4 A}=$ Connector 44 poles PNP |  |

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



## CANopen ${ }^{\text {® }}$ protocol node kit

CANopen ${ }^{\oplus}$ node manages 64 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Connection to CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$ fieldbus is made via two M12, male and female, 5 pins, type A circular connectors, in parallel between them; connectors pinout is compliant to CiA Draft recommendation 303-1 (V. 1.3:30 December 2004).
Transmission speed and address, as well as termination resistor activation are set via DIP-switches.
CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$ node is available in two versions with 32 or 48 outputs allocated to solenoid valves on the manifold directly connected to the node.
Such outputs correspond to least significant bytes and their allocation is independent of how many solenoid valves are installed.
Remaining outputs can be used to control the modules
Byte allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 V DC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

$$
I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V} \quad \begin{aligned}
& n=\text { number of installed modules } \\
& I_{\text {out }, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS }+24 \mathrm{~V} \\
& m=\text { number of installed solenoid pilots }
\end{aligned}
$$

$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2200 "Optyma S" | 36 mA |
| 2500 "OptymaF" | 54 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma T" | 54 mA |
| Series 2700 | $24 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \mathrm{~W}$ version $) / 100 \mathrm{~mA}(2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ version $)$ |

For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 VDC and INPUTS +24 VDC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}+I_{24 V D C \text { in }}<4 A$
Where:
$I_{24 V D C \text { in }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{i n, i}$
$n=$ number of installed modules
$I_{\text {in,i }}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS +24 V DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)

Coding: K5530.64.VCO

(V) \begin{tabular}{l|l|}
\hline VERSION <br>

\hline | $32=32$ output bits available for valve |
| :--- |
| connections | <br>


\hline | $48=48$ output bits available for valve |
| :--- |
| connections | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

In case total current is more than 4A, it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specifications |  | CiA Draft Standard Proposal 301 V 4.10 (15 August 2006) |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Node only current consumption on + 24 V DC inputs | 40 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE / Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | 2 M12 5 pins male-female connectors type A (IEC 60947-5-2) |
|  | Baud rate | 10-20-50-125-250-500-800-1000 Kbit/s |
|  | Addresses possible numbers | From 1 to 63 |
|  | Maximum nodes number in network | 64 (slave + master) |
|  | Bus maximum recommended length | $100 \mathrm{mat} 500 \mathrm{Kbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green/red status LED |
| Configuration file |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## PROFIBUS DP protocol node kit

PROFIBUS DP node manages 64 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Connection to PROFIBUS DP fieldbus is made via two M12, male and female, 5 pins, type $B$ circular connectors, in parallel between them; connectors pinout is PROFIBUS Interconnection Technology specifications compliant (Version 1.1, August 2001).
Address as well as termination resistor activation are set via DIP-switches.
PROFIBUS DP node is available in two versions with 32 or 48 outputs allocated to solenoid valves on the manifold directly connected to the node.
Such outputs correspond to least significant bytes and their allocation is independent of how many solenoid valves are installed. Remaining outputs can be used to control the modules.
Byte allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS +24 VDC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

$$
n=\text { number of installed modules }
$$

$I_{\text {out }, i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS +24 V
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V}$
DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)
$m=$ number of installed solenoid pilots
$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2200 "Optyma S" | 36 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma F" | 54 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma T" | 54 mA |
| Series 2700 | $24 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \mathrm{~W}$ version $) / 100 \mathrm{~mA}(2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ version) |

For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS + 24 V DC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 VDC and INPUTS +24 VDC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}+I_{24 V D C \text { in }}<4 A$
Where:
$I_{24 V D C}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{i n, i} \quad \begin{aligned} & n=\text { number of installed modules } \\ & I_{i n, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS }+24 \mathrm{VDC} \\ & \text { supply rail (please see specifications of the single module) }\end{aligned}$

Coding: K5330.64.VPB

| (V) | VERSION <br> $32=32$ output bits available for valve <br> connections |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |



In case total current is more than 4A, it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| PIN | SIGNAL | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | VP | Optional Power supply plus, (P5V) |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | A-line | Receive / Transmit data -N, A-line |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | DGND | Data Ground (reference potential to VP) |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | B-line | Receive / Transmit data -P, B-line |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | SHIELD | Shield or PE |



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specifications |  | PROFIBUS DP |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Node only current consumption on + 24 V DC inputs | 70 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE / Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | 2 M125 pins male-female connectors type B |
|  | Baud rate | 9,6-19,2-93,75-187,5-500-1500-3000-6000-12000 Kbit/s |
|  | Addresses possible numbers | From 1 to 99 |
|  | Maximum nodes number in network | 100 (slave + master) |
|  | Bus maximum recommended length | 100 m at $12 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}-1200 \mathrm{mat} 9,6 \mathrm{Kbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green/red status LED |
| Configuration file |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## EtherNet/IP protocol node kit

EtherNet/IP node manages 128 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Coding: K5730.128.48EI
Network connection is made via 2 M12 female, type D, 4 pins, circular connectors.
Code K5730.128.48El provides first 48 outputs, corresponding to least significant 6 bytes, are allocated to the solenoid valve positions, regardless how many they are and how many valves are installed on the manifold directly connected to the node. Remaining 80 outputs can be used to manage output modules; bytes allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 V DC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

$$
I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V} \quad \begin{aligned}
& n=\text { number of installed modules } \\
& I_{\text {out }, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the } \mathrm{i} \text {-th module on the OUTP } \begin{array}{l}
\text { DC rail (please see specifications of the }+24 \mathrm{~V} \\
\\
m=\text { number of installed solenoid pilots }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2200 "Optyma S" | 36 mA |
| 2500 "OptymaF" | 54 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma T" | 54 mA |
| Series 2700 | $24 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \mathrm{~W}$ version $) / 100 \mathrm{~mA}(2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ version $)$ |

For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 V DC and INPUTS +24 V DC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C}$ out $+I_{24 V D C}$ in $<4 \mathrm{~A}$
Where:

$$
I_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { in }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {in,i }} \quad \begin{aligned}
& n=\text { number of installed modules } \\
& I_{\text {in,i }}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS }+24 \mathrm{VDC} \\
& \text { supply rail (please see specifications of the single module) }
\end{aligned}
$$



## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Node only current consumption on + 24 V DC inputs | 65 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE / Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | 2 M12 4 pins male-female connectors type D (IEC 61076-2-101) |
|  | Baud rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Maximum distance between 2 nodes | 100 m |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green/red status LED |
| Configuration file |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## EtherCAT ${ }^{\circledR}$ protocol node kit

EtherCAT ${ }^{\star}$ node manages 128 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Network connection is made via 2 M12 female, type D, 4 pins, circular connectors.
Code K5730.128.48EC provides first 48 outputs, corresponding to least significant 6 bytes, are allocated to the solenoid valve positions, regardless how many they are and how many valves are installed on the manifold directly connected to the node. Remaining 80 outputs can be used to manage output modules; bytes allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

$$
n=\text { number of installed modules }
$$

$I_{\text {out }, i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS +24 V
DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)
$m=$ number of installed solenoid pilots
$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2200 "Optyma S" | 36 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma F" | 54 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma T" | 54 mA |
| Series 2700 | $24 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \mathrm{~W}$ version $) / 100 \mathrm{~mA}(2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ version) |

For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC supply is 4 A, moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 VDC and INPUTS +24 VDC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}+I_{24 V D C \text { in }}<4 A$
Where:
$I_{24 V D C}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{i n, i} \quad \begin{aligned} & n=\text { number of installed modules } \\ & I_{i n, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS }+24 \mathrm{VDC} \\ & \text { supply rail (please see specifications of the single module) }\end{aligned}$

Coding: K5730.128.48EC


In case total current is more than 4A, it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Node only current consumption on +24V DC inputs | 65 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE/ Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | 2 M 124 pins male-female connectors type D (IEC 61076-2-101) |
|  | Baud rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Maximum distance between 2 nodes | 100 m |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green / red status LED |
| Configuration file |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## PROFINET IO RT protocol node kit

PROFINET IO RT node manages 128 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Network connection is made via 2 M12 female, type D, 4 pins, circular connectors.
Code K5730.128.48PN provides first 48 outputs, corresponding to least significant 6 bytes, are allocated to the solenoid valve positions, regardless how many they are and how many valves are installed on the manifold directly connected to the node Remaining 80 outputs can be used to manage output modules; bytes allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 V DC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

$$
I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V} \quad \begin{aligned}
& n=\text { number of installed modules } \\
& I_{\text {out }, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS rail (please see specifications of the single module) } 24 \mathrm{~V}
\end{aligned}
$$

$m=$ number of installed solenoid pilots
$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2200 "Optyma S" | 36 mA |
| 2500 "OptymaF" | 54 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma T" | 54 mA |
| Series 2700 | $24 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \mathrm{~W}$ version $) / 100 \mathrm{~mA}(2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ version $)$ |

For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 V DC and INPUTS +24 V DC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C}$ out $+I_{24 V D C}$ in $<4 A$
Where:

$$
I_{24 \mathrm{~V} D C}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {in,i }} \quad \begin{aligned}
& n=\text { number of installed modules } \\
& I_{\text {in }, i}=\text { maximum total current absorbed by the } i-\text { th module on the INPUTS }+24 \mathrm{VDC} \\
& \text { supply rail (please see specifications of the single module) }
\end{aligned}
$$

Coding: K5730.128.48PN


In case total current is more than 4A, it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Node only current consumption on + 24 V DC inputs | 65 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE / Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | 2 M12 4 pins male-female connectors type D (IEC 61076-2-101) |
|  | Baud rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Maximum distance between 2 nodes | 100 m |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green/red status LED |
| Configuration file |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## CC-Link IE Field Basic protocol node kit

CC-Link IE Field Basic node manages 128 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Network connection is made via 2 M12 female, type D, 4 pins, circular connectors.
Code K5730.128.48CL provides first 48 outputs, corresponding to least significant 6 bytes, are allocated to the solenoid valve positions, regardless how many they are and how many valves are installed on the manifold directly connected to the node. Remaining 80 outputs can be used to manage output modules; bytes allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by OUTPUTS + 24 VDC (pin 4).
To compute the maximum current on the OUTPUTS +24 VDC , please use the following formula:

$$
n=\text { number of installed modules }
$$

$I_{\text {out }, i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS +24 V
DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module) $I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V}$

$$
m=\text { number of installed solenoid pilots }
$$

$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

| Series | i_EV |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2200 "Optyma S" | 36 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma F" | 54 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma T" | 54 mA |
| Series 2700 | $24 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \mathrm{~W}$ version $) / 100 \mathrm{~mA}(2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ version $)$ |

For each fieldbus node, maximum deliverable current by OUTPUTS +24 VDC supply is 4 A , moreover the sum of the currents on OUTPUTS +24 VDC and INPUTS +24 VDC must not exceed 4 A .
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}+I_{24 V D C \text { in }}<4 A$
Where:
$I_{24 V D C \text { in }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{i n, i}$
$n$ = number of installed modules
$I_{\text {in,i }}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS +24 V DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)

Coding: K5730.128.48CL


In case total current is more than 4A, it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Node only current consumption on + 24 V DC inputs | 65 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE / Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | 2 M 124 pins male-female connectors type D (IEC 61076-2-101) |
|  | Baud rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Maximum distance between 2 nodes | 100 m |
|  | Bus diagnosis | 1 Green LED and 1 red status LED + 2 link and activity LEDs' |
| Configuration file |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## IO-Link protocol interface kit

IO-Link interface manages 64 inputs and outputs.
Accessory modules can be connected in whatever order and configuration.
Electric power supply and IO-Link connection to the Master are made via M12, male, 5 pins, type A, circular connector, "CLASS B", according to IO-Link specifications.
Electric rails L+/L-supply interface only, while P24/N24 rails supply additional modules and solenoid valves.
Either power supplies are galvanically isolated in the IO-Link interfaces.
IO-Link interface is available in two versions with 32 or 48 outputs allocated to solenoid valves on the manifold directly connected to the node.
Such outputs correspond to least significant bytes and their allocation is independent of how many solenoid valves are installed. Remaining outputs can be used to control the modules.
Byte allocation to additional modules is fully automatic.

## Current limitations

Both stand alone and integrated components must operate within the current limits of the fieldbus node; please note: the solenoid valves are supplied by pin 2 and pin 5 (P24/N24).
To compute the maximum current on the P24 / N24 supply, please use the following formula::
$n=$ number of installed modules
$I_{\text {out }, i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the OUTPUTS +24 V
$I_{24 V D C \text { out }}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} I_{\text {out }, i}+m i_{E V}$
$I_{\text {out }, i}$ DC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)
$I_{i n, i}=$ maximum total current absorbed by the i-th module on the INPUTS + 24 VDC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)
$m=$ number of installed solenoid pilots
$i_{E V}=$ mean absorbed current per solenoid pilot (please see table below)

Coding: K5830.64.VIK

(V) \begin{tabular}{l|l|}
\hline VERSION <br>

\hline | $32=32$ output bits available for valve |
| :--- |
| connections | <br>


\hline | $48=48$ output bits available for valve |
| :--- |
| connections | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

(V) connections $48=48$ output bits available for valve connections


| Series | i_EV |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2200 "Optyma S" | 36 mA |
| 2500 "OptymaF" | 54 mA |
| 2500 "Optyma T" | 54 mA |
| Series 2700 | $24 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \mathrm{~W}$ version) $/ 100 \mathrm{~mA}(2,3 \mathrm{~W}$ version) |

$=$ maximum total current absorbed by the $i$-th module on the INPUTS +24 VDC supply rail (please see specifications of the single module)
In case total current is more than 4 A , it is mandatory to supply modules exceeding current limit with power supply module K5030.M12.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



| Technical characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specifications |  | IO-Link Specification v1.1 |
| Case |  | Reinforced technopolymer |
| Power supply | Voltage | + $24 \mathrm{VDC}+/-10 \%$ |
|  | Interface current consumption on + 24 V DC (L+ / L-) | 25 mA |
|  | Power supply diagnosis | Green LED PWR NODE / Green LED PWR OUT |
| Communication | Connection | "Class B" port |
|  | Communication speed | 38.4 kbaud/s |
|  | Maximum distance from Master | 20 m |
|  | Bus diagnosis | Green/red status LED |
|  | Vendor ID / Device ID | 1257 (hex 0x04E9) / 3000 (hex 0x0BB8) |
| Configurations file IODD |  | Available from our web site http://www.pneumaxspa.com |
| Protection degree |  | IP65 when assembled |
| Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-5 \ldots+50$ |

## Solenoid valves manifold

EVO Electronics - Inputs and outputs modules

## 8 digital inputs module kit M8

M8 digital inputs module provides $8 \mathrm{M8}$, 3 pins, female connectors.
Inputs have PNP logic, + $24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$.
It is possible to connect 2 wires devices (e.g. switches, magnetic limit switches, pressure switches, etc.) as well as 3 wires devices (e.g. proximity sensors, photocells, electronic magnetic limit switches, etc.).

Inputs module power supply is provided by +24 VDC power input on the serial system (type A, 4 pin M12 power connector, pin 1) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the inputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per module | 300 mA |
| Protection | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) <br> Reverse polarity |
| Input impedence | $3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Input data allocation | 8 bit |
| InPUTS + 24VDC current consumption of the module only | 5 mA |

Coding: K5230.08.M8


## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



## 8 digital inputs module kit M12

M12 digital inputs module provides 4 M12, 5 pins, female connectors.
Inputs have PNP logic, + $24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$.
Coding: K5230.08.M12
Every connector takes two input channels.
It is possible to connect 2 wires devices (e.g. switches, magnetic limit switches, pressure switches, etc.) as well as 3 wires devices (e.g. proximity sensors, photocells, electronic magnetic limit switches, etc.).

Inputs module power supply is provided by +24 VDC power input on the serial system (type $\mathrm{A}, 4$ pin M12 power connector, pin 1) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the inputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per module | 300 mA |
| Protection | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) <br> Reverse polarity |
| Input impedence | $3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Input data allocation | 8 bit |
| INPUTS +24 V DC current consumption of the module only | 5 mA |



Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


## 8 digital outputs module kit M8

M8 digital inputs module provides 8 M8, 3 pins, female connectors.
Outputs have PNP logic, + $24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$.
Outputs module power supply is provided by +24 V DC power input on the serial system (type A, 4 pins M12 power connector, pin 4)
or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the outputs module.
Power supply presence is displayed by "PWR OUT" green LED light-on
Each output has a LED indicator associated which lights up when output's signal status is high.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per output | 100 mA |
| Protection | Short circuit (electronic), trigger at 2.8A |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Output data allocation | 8 bit |
| OUTPUTS +24 VDC current consumption of the module only | 15 mA |

Coding: K5130.08.M8


## 8 digital outputs module kit M12

M12 digital inputs module provides 4 M12, 5 pins, female connectors.
Outputs have PNP logic, + $24 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 10 \%$.
Outputs module power supply is provided by +24 VDC power input on the serial system (type $\mathrm{A}, 4$ pins M12 power connector, pin 4) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the outputs module.
Power supply presence is displayed by "PWR OUT" green LED light-on
Each output has a LED indicator associated which lights up when output's signal status is high.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per output | 100 mA |
| Protection | Short circuit (electronic), trigger at 2.8A |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Output data allocation | 8 bit |
| OUTPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only | 15 mA |

Coding: K5130.08.M12


## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout



## Solenoid valves manifold

EVO Electronics - Inputs and outputs modules

## 32 digital inputs module kit ( 37 pins SUB-D connector)

The module provides a SUB-D 37 pins female connector
Inputs have PNP logic, + 24 V DC $\pm 10 \%$.
It is possible to connect 2 wires devices (e.g. switches, magnetic limit switches, pressure switches, etc.) as well as 3 wires devices (e.g. proximity sensors, photocells, electronic magnetic limit switches, etc.).

Inputs module power supply is provided by +24 VDC power input on the serial system (type A, 4 pin M12 power connector, pin 1) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the inputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per module |  |
| Protection | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) <br> Reverse polarity |
| Input impedence | $3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Input data allocation | 32 bit |
| INPUTS + 24 VDC current consumption of the module only | 10 mA |

Coding: K5230.32.37P


## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout

SUB-D 37 pins connector



## 32 digital outputs module kit ( 37 pins SUB-D connector)

The module provides a SUB-D 37 pins female connector.
Outputs have PNP logic, + 24 V DC $\pm 10 \%$.
Outputs module power supply is provided by +24 VDC power input on the serial system (type $\mathrm{A}, 4$ pins M12 power connector, pin 4) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the outputs module.
Power supply presence is displayed by "PWR OUT" green LED light-on.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum current per output | 100 mA |
| Protection | Short circuit (electronic), trigger at 2.8A |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Output data allocation | 32 bit |
| OUTPUTS +24 V DC current consumption of the module only | 15 mA |



## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout




## Analogue inputs module kit M8

M8 analogue inputs module converts analogue signals into digital signals and transfers acquired data to field bus, via network node.
Inputs module power supply is provided by +24 V DC power input on the serial system (type $\mathrm{A}, 4$ pin M12 power connector, pin 1) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the inputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Protection (pin 1) | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) |
| Input impedance (voltage inputs) | $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Digital conversion resolution | 12 bit |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Input data allocation | 16 bit per channel |
| Diagnostic LED | Input signal overcurrent or overvoltage |
| Accuracy | $0,3 \%$ F.S. |
| Overall maximum current 2 channels (pin 1) | 300 mA |
| Overall maximum current 4 channels (pin 1) | $750 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{(375mA} \mathrm{for} \mathrm{each} \mathrm{pair} \mathrm{of} \mathrm{channels)} 2$ |
| INPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only | 15 mA |

Coding: K5230.OS

| $\boldsymbol{C}$ | CHANNELS |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $2=2$ channels |
|  | $4=4$ channels |
| $\boldsymbol{*} \boldsymbol{S}$ | SIGNAL |
|  | T.00 $=\operatorname{VOLTAGE}(0-10 \mathrm{~V})$ |
|  | T. $01=\operatorname{VOLTAGE}(0-5 \mathrm{~V})$ |
|  | C. $00=\operatorname{CURRENT}(4-20 \mathrm{~mA})$ |
|  | $\mathbf{C l} .01=\operatorname{CURRENT}(0-20 \mathrm{~mA})$ |




Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


## Analogue outputs module kit M8

M8 analogue outputs module converts output data, received from field bus via network node, into analogue signal. Outputs module power supply is provided by +24 VDC power input on the serial system (type $\mathrm{A}, 4$ pins M12 power connector, pin 4) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the outputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Protection (pin 1) | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) |
| Protection (pin 4) | Overcurrent (auto-resettable fuse) |
| Digital conversion resolution | 12 bit |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Output data allocation | 16 bit per channel |
| Diagnostic LED | Output signal overcurrent |
| Accuracy | 0,3\% F.S. |
| Overall maximum current 2 channels (pin 1) | 300 mA |
| Overall maximum current 4 channels (pin 1) | 750 mA ( 375 mA for each pair of channels) |
| INPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only | 15 mA |
| OUTPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only ( 2 channels) | 35 mA |
| OUTPUTS + 24 V DC current consumption of the module only (4 channels) | 70 mA |

Coding: K5130.CS

| C | CHANNELS |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $2=2$ channels |
|  | $4=4$ channels |
| (S) | SIGNAL |
|  | T. 00 = VOLTAGE (0-10V) |
|  | T. $01=$ VOLTAGE (0-5V) |
|  | C. $00=$ CURRENT ( $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |
|  | C. 01 = CURRENT ( $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |



Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


## Pt100 inputs module kit

Pt100 inputs module digitizes signals from Pt100 probes and transfers acquired data to field bus, via network node It is possible to connect two, three or four wires probes.
Inputs module power supply is provided by +24 V DC power input on the serial system (type $\mathrm{A}, 4$ pin M12 power connector, pin 1) or by K5030.M12 additional power supply module, in case it were installed upstream of the inputs module.

| Technical characteristics |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Digital conversion resolution | 12 bit |
| Maximum cable length | $<30 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Input data allocation | 16 bit per channel |
| Diagnostic LED | Probe presence |
| Accuracy | Temperature out of range |
| Probe temperature range | $\pm 0,2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| INPUTS +24 V DC current consumption of the module only (2 channels) | $-100^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| INPUTS +24 VDC current consumption of the module only (4 channels) | 25 mA |

## Conversion formula ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

$$
\text { Temperature }\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)=\left(\frac{\text { Points }}{4095} \times 400\right)-100
$$

Coding: K5230.OP.0T

| $\boldsymbol{C}$ | CHANNELS |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $2=2$ channels |
|  | $4=4$ channels |
| (1) TYPE |  |
|  | $0=$ Pt1002 wires |
|  | $1=$ Pt1003 wires |
|  | $2=$ Pt100 4 wires |




Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout


## Solenoid valves manifold

EVO Electronics - Additional modules

## Additional power supply module kit

Additional power supply module supplies additional electric power for downstream optional modules, where "downstream" means farther from serial node, resetting the current limits of the network node / IO-Link interface.
Electric connection of the module to external power supply unit occurs via an M12 4 pins type A male connector.
M12 connector has two different pins to power up logics and inputs (Pin 1) and outputs (Pin 4).
Presence of each power supply rail is indicated by corresponding green LED.
When using IO-Link interface, the additional power supply module is useful for separating the module power supplies of input from the output modules placed downstream.

## Scheme / Overall dimensions and I/O layout

|  | M12 4P male <br> M12A 4P | nector <br> -4 <br> $-1$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PIN | DESCRIPTION | MAX. CURRENT |
| 1 | $\begin{gathered} +24 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ \text { (LOGICS \& INPUTS) } \end{gathered}$ | 4 A |
| 2 | N.C. | - |
| 3 | 0 V | 4 A |
| 4 | + 24 V DC (OUTPUTS) | 4 A |



POWER SUPPLY connectors
Straight connector M12A 4P female
Coding: 5312A.F04.00


| PIN | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | $+24 \mathrm{VDC}($ LOGICSAND INPUTS) |
| 2 | N.C. |
| 3 | 0 V |
| 4 | +24 VDC (OUTPUTS) |

Power supply socket

Upper view slave connector

## NETWORK connectors

Straight connector M12A 5P female


Upper view slave connector
Straight connector M12A 5P male


Upper view slave connector

| PIN | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | (CAN_SHIELD) |
| 2 | (CAN_V+) |
| 3 | CAN_GND |
| 4 | CAN_H |
| 5 | CAN_L |

Coding: 5312A.F05.00

Socket for bus CANopen ${ }^{\circledR}$ and IO-Link

Coding: 5312A.M05.00

Plug for bus CANopen ${ }^{*}$

Coding: 5312D.M04.00

| PIN | SIGNAL | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | TX+ | EtherNet Transmit High |
| 2 | RX+ | EtherNet Receive High |
| 3 | TX- | EtherNet Transmit Low |
| 4 | RX- | EtherNet Receive Low |

Plug for bus EtherCAT® ${ }^{\circledR}$, PROFINET IO RT and EtherNet/IP

Trademarks: EtherCAT ${ }^{\circledR}$ is registered trademark and patented technology, licensed by Beckhoff Automation GmbH, Germany.
Upper view slave connector
Straight connector M12B 5P female


Upper view slave connector
Straight connector M12B 5P male


Upper view slave connector

## INPUTS connectors

Straight connector M12A 5P male

Straight connector M8 3P male


| PIN | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | +24 VDC |
| 2 | INPUTB |
| 3 | 0 V |
| 4 | INPUTA |
| 5 | N.C. |

Upper view slave connector


Coding: 5308A.M03.00
Plug for inputs modules
Coding: 5312A.M05.00
Plug for inputs modules
-

Coding: 5312B.F05.00

| PIN | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Power Supply |
| 2 | A-Line |
| 3 | DGND |
| 4 | B-Line |
| 5 | SHIELD |


| PIN | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Power Supply |
| 2 | A-Line |
| 3 | DGND |
| 4 | B-Line |
| 5 | SHIELD |

Coding: 5312B.M05.00

Socket for bus PROFIBUS DP

## Plugs

M12 plug
Coding: 5300.T12

## M8 plug

Coding: 5300.T08



| $\boldsymbol{C}$ | CABLE LENGTH |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathbf{0 3}=3$ meters |
|  | $\mathbf{0 5}=5$ meters |
|  | $\mathbf{1 0}=10$ meters |
| $C$ | CONNECTOR |
|  | $\mathbf{1 0}=$ Stand alone |
|  | $\mathbf{9 0}=90^{\circ}$ Angle |




Cable complete with connector, 44 Poles, IP65


Coding: 2300.44.©.©


Coding: 2400.25.C. 25


Cable complete with connector, 37 Poles, IP65


Coding: 2400.37.(C. 37


PNEUMAX S.p.A.
Via Cascina Barbellina, 10 24050 Lurano (BG) - Italy


[^0]:    Weight 116 g

[^1]:    Example: If inlet pressure is set at 5 bar then pilot pressure must be at least $\mathrm{Pp}=2,5+(0,2 * 5)=3,5$ bar

[^2]:    -Suitable module for vertical configuration
    -It allows you to shut-off and exhaust the supply port 1 and
    pilot port 14 or other modules mounted on it

